DIGVIJAY
INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
1947 FIGURES
Total business..... Rs 1,17,00,000.
Completed business in 1946 40,00,000.
Premium Income nearly ..... 6,00,000.
Wanted Chief Agents and Organisers
Apply to:—H. N. ASHAR, Esq.,
Mg. Director.
Sir Pherozshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay.

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXV NO. 217 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1947. Price: 2 Annas

BEST BRAIN TONIC
RAMTIRTH BRAHMI OIL
SPECIAL No 1.
ENDS BALDNESS INCREASES MEMORY, INSURES EYE-SIGHT, IMPARTS SOUND SLEEP. REMOVES GRAY HAIR, STOPS FALLING HAIR, REMOVES DANDRUFF.
SOLD EVERY-WHERE
RAMTIRTH YOGASHRAM
SANDHURST ROAD BOMBAY 4
BOTTLE Rs. 2, 8as BOTTLE

ROYAL LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ASIATIC SOCIETY

Mahatma Befriends Orphans Of Storm

CALL TO HINDUS & SIKHS

"Invite Quitting Muslims To Stay In India"

NEW DELHI, Sept. 15, (A.P.I.): "Let the Hindus and Sikhs take the right step and invite the Muslims who have been driven out of their homes to return," said Mahatma Gandhi, addressing the prayer meeting to-day.

A COURAGEOUS STEP

He added: "If they can take this courageous step worthy from every point of view, they immediately reduce the refugee problem to its simplest terms. By doing so, they would command recognition from Pakistan nay, from the world."

Mahatma Gandhi added: "For me, the transfer of millions of Hindus and Sikhs and Muslims is unthinkable. It is wrong. The wrong of Pakistan will be undone by the right of resolute non-transfer of population. I hope I shall have the courage to stand by it, even though mine may be the solitary voice in its favour."

HARD FATE OF REFUGEES

The following is the full text of the speech:

During the night, as I heard what should have been the soothing sound of gentle, life-giving rain, my mind went out to the thousands of refugees lying about in the open camps in Delhi. I was sleeping snugly in a verandah protecting me on all sides. But for the cruel hand of man against his brother, these thousands of men, women and children would not be shelterless and in many cases foodless. In some places they could not but be in knee-deep water. Was it all inevitable? The answer from within was an emphatic no. Was this the first fruit of freedom just a month old baby? These thoughts have haunted me throughout these last twenty hours. My silence has been a blessing. It has made me enquire within. Have the citizens of Delhi gone mad? Have they no humanity left in them? Has love of the country and its freedom no appeal for them? I must be pardoned for putting the first blame on the Hindus and Sikhs. Could they not be men enough to stem the tide of hatred? I would urge the Muslims of Delhi to shed all fear, trust God and discover all the arms in their possession, which the Hindus and Sikhs fear they have. Not that the former too do not have any. The question is one of degree. Either the minority rely upon God and his creature man to do the right thing or rely upon their fire arms to defend themselves against those whom they must not trust.

TRUST YOUR GOVT.

My advice is precise and firm. Its soundness is manifest. Trust your Government to defend every citizen against wrong doers. However well armed they may be. Further trust it to demand and get damages for every member of the minority wrongfully dispossessed. All that neither Government can do is to resurrect the dead. People of Delhi will make it difficult to demand justice from the Pakistan Government. Those who seek justice must do justice, must have clean hands. Let the Hindus and Sikhs take the right step and invite the Muslims who have been driven out of their homes to return. If they can take this courageous step worthy from every point of view, they immediately reduce the refugees problem to its simplest terms. They will command recognition from Pakistan, nay from the whole world. They will save Delhi and India from disgrace and ruin.

No Truck With Dollar Pool

India's Objection To British Proposal

LONDON, Sept. 15, (I. P. A.): It is reliably understood that the Indian Delegation, at the Empire Sterling talks will be taking a strong stand on British proposals for reviving the Dollar Pool and the fresh agreement involving imperial preferences. Informed quarters believe the Indian delegation is objecting on grounds that India has already practically lost the badly needed forty crores of dollars. India's buying programme for the next two years involves large scale purchases of foodgrains and capital equipment from America. It is certain the talks will not produce any definite policy or statement but discussions will be continued by Dominion Premiers in November.

City Fathers' Reception To Sir Homi Mody

The Mayor of Bombay, Mr. A. P. Sabavala, reading the welcome address to H. E. Sir Homi Mody, Acting Governor of Bombay, at the Corporation Hall on Monday evening.

BRITAIN TO QUIT PALESTINE?

Final Decision At Next Cabinet Meeting

LONDON, Sept. 15 (Reuter).—British official opinion is strongly moving towards the view that Britain ought to evacuate Palestine at the earliest possible opportunity, usually well-informed quarters said today.

A decision on Britain's Palestine policy, in preparation for the forthcoming debate in the United Nations General Assembly, is reliably expected to be taken at a Cabinet meeting next Thursday.

There is reason to believe that examination of the problem in the past few days has centred on the technicalities of withdrawal and the period in which such a withdrawal could be effected.

Cabinet discussion of the Palestine situation in the light of the recommendations of the United Nations Special Committee on Palestine has been delayed until this week by the absence of the British Colonial Secretary, Mr. Arthur Creech Jones, who will present the British case at the General Assembly.

Mr. Creech Jones, who is leaving the British West Indies Conference at Montego Bay, Jamaica, by air tomorrow, is expected back in London on Wednesday. He will leave Britain again for New York next weekend.

During his brief stay in London, the momentous decision on whether or not Britain should relinquish the mandate is due to be taken.

PUBLIC RECEPTION TO CHAGLA

Leading Citizens' Tribute To Acting Chief Justice Of High Court

BOMBAY, Monday.—A public reception was accorded to Mr. M. C. Chagla, Acting Chief Justice of the Bombay High Court, at the Green's, this evening. The function was held under the auspices of the Progressive Group and was presided over by Mr. Homi Talyarkhan.

Paying his tribute to the first Indian Chief Judge of the Bombay High Court, the Rt. Hon. Dr. M. R. Jayakar said that the attainment of freedom by India had ushered in a transitional period during which the work of the Chief Justice was likely to become more onerous. As it happened after the mutiny of 1858, a tussle between the Executive and the Judiciary was not unlikely. Occasions may arise when the Executive may encroach upon the rights of the people. As the High Court stood between the government and the people its position was extremely delicate, and the Chief Justice may be called upon to play an important role in maintaining the balance between the ruler and the ruled, and safeguarding the rights of democracy. He hoped Mr. Chagla in his capacity as Chief Judge would hold aloft the banner of popular rights, and that his name would go down to posterity as one of the most independent-minded judges.

Sir Cowasji Jehangir referred to Mr. Chagla as the youngest Chief Justice of the Bombay High Court. He belonged to a minority community, he said, and as such his appointment redounded to the credit of those who had appointed him. Judges of the Indian High Courts were known for their independence and impartiality. He had no doubt that Justice Chagla would maintain those high traditions and wind up his career by not only being a great judge but also a great man.

Sir Harsidbhai Divatia also joined in the tribute paid to Mr. Chagla.

Mr. K. M. Munshi said that the appointment of Mr. Chagla was hailed both by the Bench and the Bar of the Bombay High Court with great enthusiasm. He was confident that Mr. Chagla by his impartial attitude would help building up the future democracy in India.

Mr. Joachim Alwa referred to the services rendered by Mr. Chagla at the UNO.

CHAGLA'S REPLY

In a brief reply Mr. Chagla thanked all present for the honour done to him. He fully agreed with Dr. Jayakar that a High Court should become a palladium of popular freedom and that it should be completely independent of the Executive. He remembered that when the question of the appointment of Judges came up for consideration before the Constituent Assembly the Prime Minister of Bombay had said in the future interests of the country the Judges should in no way be subservient to the Executive and that they should not be appointed by the Provincial Governments. This attitude of the Bombay Premier had extremely pleased him.

The duty of the Judiciary, said Mr. Chagla, was to administer the law. While doing so, the Judiciary should bear in mind that it should stand by the rights of the subjects.

Britain's Gold Sale To America

LONDON, Sept. 15, (A.P.I.): The British Treasury announced today that the Bank of England had sold £20,000,000 worth of gold to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York.

DUTCH—INDONESIAN DISPUTE

Republican Cabinet To Chalk Out New Policy For Settlement

BATAVIA, Sept. 15 (Reuter).—The Indonesian Republican Cabinet will meet on Wednesday to draw up a "new policy for reaching a settlement of the conflict with the Dutch". it was learned in Jogjakarta, Republican capital, tonight.

Simultaneously with this new move Dr. Amir Sjarifuddin, Republican Premier, declared that the dispute could be settled by a "compromise solution" under which a free and independent Republic of Indonesia remained within the Netherlands Commonwealth of Nations.

Well informed Republican circles predicted that the Indonesians would reopen negotiations with the Dutch through the Three-Nation Commission decided upon by the Security Council last month to investigate the dispute.

Jogjakarta Republican Radio today reported that Mr. Sutan Shariar, a former President of the Republic who went to New York to plea the Republican cause before the Security Council, has been instructed to visit London.

Belgium today named M. Paul Van Zeeland, a former Premier as Chief of the Belgian Delegation on the United Nations Commission appointed to investigate the dispute. Australia has not yet declared its delegate, and the third country on the Commission is so far unnamed.

Reuter's Singapore correspondent reported that a second R.A.F. Dakota carrying Red Cross supplies to Jogjakarta left Singapore today. The plane will call first at Batavia before flying on to the Republican capital.

A Netherlands Army Sergeant, Leenderte, Mos, of Rotterdam, told foreign correspondents who visited him in a Jogjakarta hospital "the Dutch Government told us lies when they called these people murderers and extremists."

Mos declared he had been well treated in each of the four hospitals to which he had been removed after he had been wounded and taken prisoner in a clash west of Sourabaya.

Wounded in the arm by the Indonesians, he had suffered seven more bullet wounds when a Dutch fighter plane shot up the convoy evacuating wounded.

Mos said that before leaving Holland his Divisional Commander told the troops they were leaving to do "a policeman's job."

He added the prisoners' only fear was that should the Dutch resume their advance on Jogjakarta, the populace might break in the hospital and kill them.

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER.
NEW YORK, Sept. 15

Previous Closing	31.72
Today's Opening	31.64
Difference	—8
Today's Closing	32.31
Difference	+59

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
NEW YORK, Sept. 15.
New York Stock Exchange opening. Anaconda Copper Mining $34. General Motors $57-1/4. United States Steel Common $69. United States Steel Preference $145-1/4.—(Reuter).

LASTEST QUOTATIONS.
BOMBAY, Sept. 15

	Rs.	as.
Cotton Jarila Sept.	424	0
Cotton Jarila Jan.	457	0
Silver Bullion	167	4
Gold Forward	110	2
Sovereign	74	0

"Become Full Citizens Of India"

Kher's Stirring Appeal To Bombay Muslims

(From Our Special Correspondent)
POONA, Sept. 15.

An outspoken exposition of the position of Muslims in the Indian Union and an earnest appeal to them to cast away their past attitudes and become full citizens of India was made by Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister, in the Bombay Legislative Assembly today.

"YOU ARE OF THIS COUNTRY"

"You are not Pakistanis. You are of this country. You said so. Please behave so," Mr. Kher pleaded.

The debate in reply to which Mr. Kher made this speech arose out of a resolution moved by Mrs. Shuli Tyabji at the session of the Assembly but carried over to the present session, asking for special schools, with hostels attached, for Muslim girls. The mover herself, Mr. A. A. Khan, leader of the League Party and one or two others urged that the resolution asking for the opening of four schools was both modest and reasonable. Muslim women were backward in education. As such they would be a drag on the community. It was necessary to provide special facilities as much in the interests as in the interests of the whole community.

CONGRESS OPPOSITION

Seven speakers from Congress benches including Mrs. Lilavati Munshi and Miss Indumati Sheth opposed the resolution.

The main ground of opposition was that the resolution was communal and separatist. More schools for boys, for girls, for everybody, yes. Separate schools for separate communities, no. An unusual note of bitterness crept into the speeches which were generally couched in a vehement key. This was particularly commented upon by the leader of the Opposition.

PREMIER'S REPLY

The Prime Minister's reply was brief and eloquent. First, secondary education has not been accepted by Government as a complete responsibility—not because it did not occupy an important place in the life of the country but because Government had accepted the imparting of rudimentary education to vast masses of the country as of more fundamental importance. Government therefore was not opening any High Schools. And secondly, even if they did open any vocational schools, it would not be for Muslim girls or for any particular community. Such schools would not be started any longer. The Premier gave a hint that Government were even thinking if they should continue schools. He also cited elaborate figures to show that as between Muslims and that section of Hindus classed with them as "intermediate" the proportion of Muslim girls in schools was higher. He had made inquiries from the Sind Government that even in that province there was no school with hostel attached exclusively for Muslim girls. Nobody could accuse the Bombay Government of neglecting education of Muslims. It would have been very grateful if resolution of this kind had not been pressed.

ATTEMPT TO ROOT OUT COMMUNALISM

Just as they had buried untouchability a few days ago Government was trying to bury communalism deep down. In no country had the question of minorities been exploited as in India. A political minority in a democratic country constantly ask-

(Continued On Page 5)

Chembur Murder Case Suspects Discharged

BOMBAY, Monday.

Disbelieving the evidence of the only prosecution witness, Mr. K. C. Thakore, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Court discharged Laburam Maniram and Bhagwati Prashad Shukla, suspects in the Chembur Murder Case.

(See Page 5.)

PLOT AGAINST CZECH STATE

Eighty Persons Arrested

PRAGUE, Sept. 15. (Reuter): Eighty persons were arrested following the discovery of a vast anti-State plot in Slovakia, the Czech news agency announced to-day.

The agency said that for some time it had been known that an anti-State organisation to which the arrested persons belong had been distributing subversive pamphlets.

The agency added that among the plotters were former members of Gen. Vlasov, a Soviet renegade who during the war formed a corps to fight on Germany's side.

They also included a large number of Czechoslovak civil servants.

In searches throughout the country, the agency said, the authorities found a secret radio station, a large number of weapons, cameras and subversive pamphlets and other illegal literature.

The authorities believed that the plotters' aims were:

(1) To form armed "commandos" for rebellion against the Czechoslovak Republic.

(2) To co-operate with bandit gangs in Slovakia and recruit for them.

(3) To create disturbances and unrest by spreading hostile propaganda.

MEXICO TO COIN INDIAN RUPEES?

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 15. (U.P.A.): Silver dealers took heart with the publication of reports on the possibility of the Mexican Treasury will expand its operations to include the coining of Indian and Chinese money. The Treasury neither confirmed nor denied the reports which originated in New York.

Dealers optimistically predicted that if Mexico begins making foreign monies the demand for Mexican silver will increase. They say it would not be economical for either India or China to ship their white metal so far to be coined.

Fasali Parsi High Priest Dead

BOMBAY, Monday.

Desturji Saheb Khurshedji Pavry, the first High Priest Fasali Parsis and an orientalist with a world reputation died in Bombay, this afternoon. Mr. Pavry was the author of books on oriental subjects. He was a Member and Fellow of various oriental societies in Europe and America.

ROYAL INDIAN NAVY TO AID EVACUATION

British Troops To Help Administration Of Delhi Refugee Camps

NEW DELHI, Sept. 15. (A.P.I.): The Emergency Committee of the Cabinet at its meeting this morning decided to ask the Commander-in-Chief of the Royal Indian Navy to find out whether it would be possible to send ships of the Royal Indian Navy to Karachi to evacuate Government personnel and others who want to evacuate and are held up there.

The question of associating women with the recovery of abducted women and children was considered at today's meeting of the Emergency Committee of the Cabinet and the matter was referred to the United Council for relief and welfare for a report tomorrow, according to a press communique.

The Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru gave a report of yesterday's discussions at Lahore with the representatives of the Governments of Pakistan and West Punjab at today's meeting. In particular, the Prime Minister referred to the joint decision taken by both Governments to discontinue the practice of searching the evacuees in West or East Punjab.

He said that the Royal Indian Air Force will evacuate stranded officials from Chaklala to India by air. The Committee also directed the Royal Indian Navy to report whether stranded officials could not be brought by sea from Karachi to the nearest port in Gujerat or Kathiawar.

SERVICES OF BRITISH TROOPS

The services of few British troops now in the city are being availed of by the administration for working in the refugee camps in the city.

There are two battalions of British troops now in the city cantonment who are due to leave for Bombay for embarkation to the United Kingdom.

Troops of the Royal Scots Fusiliers offered to help in looking after the administration of refugee camps in the city. Its offer was gratefully accepted.

A general headquarters spokesman said that these troops were not being utilised for internal security purposes in any way at all. The refugee camps in the city where the British soldiers would work would continue to be guarded by troops of the Indian army. The British personnel would work in the office, help in distributing rations, etc., just as other civil organisations, Indian and foreign, were helping.

(See Page 5).

MADRAS LEGISLATURE'S TRIBUTE TO MAHATMA

MADRAS, Sept. 15. (A. P. I.): The Madras Legislative Assembly which met today for the first time after the transfer of power, unanimously passed a resolution conveying the greetings of the House to Mahatma Gandhi and recording its appreciation of the services of all those who had suffered in the cause of freedom.

Dr. P. Subbaroyan, leader of the House, who moved the resolution described Mahatma Gandhi as the real architect of Indian freedom.

The Leader of the Opposition, Mr. Mohamed Ismail, wished Mahatma Gandhi all success in his efforts to bring about Hindu Muslim unity and establish peace in the land.

WHY YOU FLY by.. STAR LINE
SPEED SERVICE COMFORT and above all SAFETY
DAILY SERVICE FROM Bombay TO Nagpur Calcutta
FREIGHT ACCEPTED
Travel by STAR LINE
21 Seater Luxurious Dakotas available for charter.
Tel: 30286, 27172 (Open 24 hours) Hostess Service
MISTRI AIRWAYS LIMITED, 10, Rampart Row, BOMBAY.

LET YOUR MONEY GROW IN OUR
FIXED DEPOSITS
ACCEPTED AT THE RATES OF

For 3 Months	2½%	For 5 & 6 Years	5%
For 6 Months	3%	For 7 Years	5½%
For 9 Months	3½%	For 8 Years	5½%
For 1 & 2 Years	4½%	For 9 Years	5¾%
For 3 & 4 Years	4¾%	For 10 Years	6%

LAND TRUST OF INDIA, LTD.
ESTABLISHED 1941
12, Chowringhee Square, Calcutta.
Phone Cal: 1464 & 1465: Telegram: "Aryoplants"

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.

TENDER ARE INVITED from Shareholders of Mining Corporation Ltd. holding shares worth not less than Rupees Twenty five thousand for Agency for manufacture of briquettes from coal, coke and charcoal dust in all important cities throughout the dominions of India and Pakistan, Burma and Ceylon on the following terms and conditions. (These briquettes will be substitutes for coal, coke or charcoal and will reduce the fuel scarcity to a considerable extent).

1. The applicants will be required to secure coal, coke or charcoal dust amounting to 100 mds. to 250 mds. per day. The Company offers to render necessary assistance from time to time in the matter of procurement.

2. The Company will bear all costs for the manufacture of briquettes including the cost of raw materials, plants, equipments and all other working expenses. The entire production will be carried on under the auspices of Mining Corporation Ltd. with its own plants and patented formula No. 37303.

3. The nett profits in the business will be shared equally between the Company and the qualified Agent.

4. Selection of the agents will be made solely at the discretion of the Company which offers to consider the applications on the merit of their priority.

5. This offer remains open up to the 15th October, 1947 after which no application will be entertained.

It must be distinctly understood that the Company is the sole Proprietor of the factories to be thus installed and the existing rules and regulations of the Company subject to modification from time to time will be binding on all the selected candidates.

Further details may be had on reference to the Company.

MINING CORPORATION LTD.
Grosvenor House,
21, Old Court House Street,
Calcutta 1.

5227

THE INDIA UNITED MILLS, LTD.

FULLY PAID SHARE CERTIFICATES Nos. 83986, 83987, 84200 84127 84129, 83852 83855, of the abovementioned Company for 250 deferred shares Nos. 5999304 5999353, 2013951 2013975, 2030127 2030201 and 3833869 3833968 standing in the name of Capt. Balaprasad have been LOST and the undersigned has applied to the Company for the issue of duplicates of the said share certificates.

Any person having any objection to the India United Mills, Ltd., issuing duplicates of the said share certificates should lodge such objection with the Company at its Registered Office at E. D. Sassoon Building, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, within one month from this date; otherwise the Company will proceed to issue the duplicate share certificates.

K. C. BHATNAGAR,
Constituted Attorney for
Capt. Balaprasad.

Date 16-9-1947.

6992

LEGAL NOTICES

AUCTION SALE OF A VALUABLE AND DESIRABLE PROPERTY, SITUATE AT NORTHBROOK OR PORTUGUESE STREET BHULESHWAR, BOMBAY.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.

Suit No. 280 of 1940.

EKNATH KESHAV NARVEKAR & Ors ..... Plaintiffs.
Vs.
NAMDEV KESHAV NARVEKAR & Ors. ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Consent Decree, dated 11th day of July, 1945 and Consent Judge's Order, dated 24th January, 1947, the following immoveable property will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on THURSDAY, the 2nd day of October, 1947, at 4 P.M. (S.T.).

PARTICULARS.

ALL that piece of the quit and ground rent tenure with dwelling house, standing thereon, situate at Northbrook Street or Portuguese Street, without the Fort of Bombay, admeasuring 163 square yards or thereabouts (which formerly consisted of two pieces of land, admeasuring 126 square yards or thereabouts and 42 square yards or thereabouts respectively and which have now been consolidated into one piece) and bearing the Collector's Old Nos. 776,2985, New Nos. 9928, A/9928 and A/9929, Old Survey No. 1/347 and 4388, New Survey Nos. 1/5068, 2/5068 and 2/6069 and Cadastral Survey No. 3861 of Bhuleshwar Division and bearing Municipal C Ward No. 7783-84 and Street No. 104.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. DABHOLKAR & JESHTARAM, Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed at Alli Chambers, Medows Street, Fort, Bohbay.

(Sd.) A. H. KIRTIKAR,
Commissioner.

Dated this 5th day of Aug. 1947.

5233

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTIFICATION
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
Central Technical Power Board,
"CLEREMONT" SIMLA.
ELECTRIFICATION OF PORT BLAIR HQ. AREA

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the last date for the recepit of tenders for the supply and erection of overhead and underground mains, transformers, switchgear, street lighting equipment etc., for the above scheme, has been further extended to 4 p.m. on Monday the 20th October, 1947 and the date of the opening of the tenders to 10-30 a.m. on Tuesday 21st October, 1947. Copies of specifications, etc. can be had on payment of Rs. 15/- per set. Other terms and conditions as contained in the previous advertisements published in the Press remain the same.

By Order of the Board,
M. M. DHAWAN, B.A., LL. B.
Assistant Secretary.

5228

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE
Special Item costing over Rs. 10,000 - Class I Contract.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's Office, East Indian Railway, 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta on the 17th October 1947 at 12 o'clock noon.

Tender No. SP|F|Eb|UF-95A & 97A|47-48 for the supply of 170 Nos. Chain Lashing with Hook and 360 Nos. Chain Lashing with Binding Screw for Bogie Rail Truck.

Tender forms and Drawings can be obtained from the undermentioned Officials on payment of the following charges to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

(a) Tender Forms at Rs. 5|- per copy from the Controller of Stores' Office, East Indian Railway, 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta.

(b) Drawings Nos. UF-95A, 97A, 99A, 136, 220, 225, 227, 306, 310, 442, 462, 466, 508, 509, 514, 516 and 518 @ -|8|- per copy from the Deputy Chief Mechanical Engineer, East Indian Railway, Lillooah.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the cost of the tender form to the Controller of Stores and that of the Drawings to Deputy Chief Mechanical Engineer, East Indian Railway, Lillooah direct by Money Order.

No refund is permissible after payment.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's Office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Deputy General Manager's (Works) room by the Tenderer or his representative.

GENERAL MANAGER.

5234

LEGAL NOTICES

HIGH COURT
O. O. C. J.
Suit No. 1591 of 1944.

THE MUNICIPAL CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF BOMBAY & Anr. .... Plaintiffs.
vs.
RATILAL KAMALSI & Anr ..... Defendants

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that all that piece of land, situate at 3, Bazar Gully, Mahim, Bombay, will be sold by the Commissioner, High Court, Bombay, in his Office at 4 p.m. (S.T.) on WEDNESDAY, the 17th September, 1947, as advertised in the Bombay Chronicle on 23rd August, 1947, and the Bombay Samachar on 30th August, 1947.

Dated this 10th day of September, 1947.

(Sd.) A. H. KIRTIKAR,
Commissioner.

5235

SAFETY MATCHES
AND
COLOUR MATCHES

Manufactured in Sivakasi, Sattur, Koilpatti and surroundings. For competitive rates, prompt despatch and reliability and any quantity.

Correspondence in English only

Apply to:
The Southern India Match Manufacturers' Supplying Co.,
SIVAKASI, (S.I.R.)
Tel: "Syndicate Sivakasi"

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE ON FRIDAY, 19TH SEPTEMBER, 1947, AT 3 P. M. AT THE SALE ROOM OF THE UNDERSIGNED:

The undersigned will sell by Public Auction as stated above by order of the Executors of the late Mr. Rustomjee N. Motabhoy, Jewellery, Watches and other articles belonging to the said deceased gentleman.

SALE ON FRIDAY, 26TH SEPTEMBER, 1947 AT 4 P.M. AT THE SALE ROOM OF THE UNDERSIGNED:

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO., under instructions from Messrs. Vachha & Co., Attorneys for Charolia Production of Bombay and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Shree Natraj Film Exchange of Karachi will sell by Public Auction on the date as above.

The perpetual right of Distribution, Exhibition and Exploitation of the Picture "Shikarpuri" for Sind and Baluchistan circuit.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
123, Medows Street, Fort.

SALE BY AUCTION.

DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS CANTEEN STORES.

On TUESDAY, 16th September at 11 A.M. (S.T.) a Public Auction will be held at Canteen Stores Department Base Depot, Gunpowder Rd., Mazagon, for the sale of surplus food and non-food items. Goods will be on view at the above Depot on Monday, 15th Sept., between 11 A.M. to 12-30 P.M. and 2-30 P.M. to 4 P.M. For particulars phone:

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE SURPLUS STORES.

By order of the Regional Disposal Commissioner, we shall sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, 19th and SATURDAY, 20th, at 10 a.m. (S.T.) daily, at R.I.N. Depot, Mankhurd, surplus serviceable Naval Stores, clothing, tubing, couplings, etc., 25 per cent deposit, balance and sale-tax in 7 days and delivery in 21 days or lots and value will be forfeited.

CRAWFORD & CO.
Phone 20521.

AUCTION SALE OF SURPLUS STORES.

Under instructions from the Regional Disposals Commissioner, Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on TUESDAY, 23rd instant at 10 a.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at No. 2 E.D.R.I.A.F. Depot near Hind Cycle Co., Worli: Accumulators, batteries, radio scrap, E. cable and wire, about 300 tons, also at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at Santa Cruz Aerodrome, M. T. axles, aero scrap, wireless aerial equipment, Portable A.T.W.P.S. sets rubber scrap, aircraft fuel cells, reels (in cases), etc., about 350 tons. Terms: 25 per cent Cash deposit, balance and sale-tax in 7 days, delivery in 21 days, if not goods and money will be forfeited.

BENNETT & CO.

ENGLISH
CARBIDE OF CALCIUM
IMPORTERS
RADHAKANTO DOSS & SONS, LTD.
Glassware, Enamelware, Lampware, Cutlery and Aluminium Dealers.
211, Old China Bazar St. Calcutta

Summer boon
Cool & refreshing
Prefect
HAIR OILS
MODI PRODUCTS
REFINED & DEODORIZED TIL, COCOANUT AND CASTOR OILS.

I Recommend these Wonderful Tablets!

Dear Sirs,—I am 56 years of age, and from the age of 50 to 55 I suffered acute pain from rheumatism, being compelled during much of the period to stay in bed. A friend of mine recommended Yeast-Vite tablets to me one day, so I sent for a small bottle of them, and after taking them for 25 days I was up and about just as if I had never suffered from anything in my life.

Thanking you again. I recommend these wonderful tablets to all those poor sufferers who go through what I have gone through.

(Signed) L. D.

EVERYBODY can take Irving's Yeast-Vite with advantage. The benefit in Nervous and Digestive Troubles, Rheumatism and Constipation, is QUICK, SURE, and LASTING! You yourself cannot do better than try a bottle of this famous Lightning Tonic to-day. Irving's YEAST-VITE is obtainable from all stores.

"Yeast-Vite" is the registered Trade Mark of Irving's Yeast-Vite Ltd., Watford, England.

IRVING'S
YEAST-VITE
Copyright

Bombay Presidency Badminton

FERREIRA EXTENDED

Kumana's Good Performance

BOMBAY, Monday.—Kumana who sprang into the headlines by his victory over Khlappa earlier in the season, once again caused a jolt to the run of current form playing inspired badminton in the first set he was unlucky not to bag it after enjoying short leads during the various stages of the game. His tossing mixed with an occasional dropped shot caused the winner no amount of anxiety but in the end the consistency and the superior retrieving powers of the suburban champion prevailed. In the second game Kumana was a subdued man. Having spent all his fury in the first set he made a number of errors and Ferreira ran out an easy winner.

In another match that went into the third set Ramesh Desai beat his uncle P. G. Desai in a long drawn out match. Ramesh gave the impression of being short-winded all along and his anxiety to finish the rallies earlier cost him many a point.

Miss Farias won a painstaking victory over Miss Nigudkar after 55 points were scored. The standard of Badminton however was not very high. Miss Nigudkar appeared to have a lethargic tendency and often did not make any attempts to retrieve shots within her possible grasp.

Lewis got the better of Bhopardikar at the expense of but two points.

THE RESULTS
LADIES SINGLES

Miss Farias beat Miss Nigudkar 9-12, 11-5, 11-7.

MEN'S SINGLES

R. D. Desai beat P. G. Desai 15-12, 10-15, 15-10; Lewis beat Bhopardikar 15-2, 15-0; B. V. Ullal beat M. N. Desai 15-4, 15-3; Ferreira beat Kumana 18-17, 18-4; Dinker Rao beat Nilkanth.

P. J. Hindu Gym. Open Table Tennis Tournament

The P. J. Hindu Gymkhana Bombay is conducting an invitation Table Tennis Tournament at the end of the month. Thirty-two players have been invited to participate in the Men's Singles and sixteen ladies have been selected to complete in the Womens' Singles.

The following are the players invited for the Men's Singles:

K. Ghose, V. Sivaraman, M. V. S. Vittal, S. Chatterjee, U. M. Chandarana, D. H. Kapadia, A. H. Khan, H. M. Khanchand, K. H. Kapadia, P. S. Varde, P. K. Chaubal, S. N. Motiwalla, M. E. Ghasvalla, K. N. S. Narayan, N. B. Mistry, O. Dyer, K. B. Nagarkatti, V. B. Shambag, J. S. Patkar, C. G. Velkar, J. K. Umrigar, K. S. Cooper, David Solomon, P. Abraham, B. J. Poncha, B. P. Baliga, K. G. V. Krishnan, B. N. Bhatkal, M. S. Varde, M. B. Ghanekar, R. N. Khatau, R. N. Muthuswamy.

In case any of the above selected players do not accept the places will be taken up by the following reserves, whose names are mentioned in order of selection.

B. S. Cooper, S. H. Sukthanker, A. R. Munjee, R. K. Umrigar, M. Srinivas, P. M. Maskeri, B. A. Laljee, A. I. Jacob, S. K. Thakersey, H. D. Setn.

The sixteen women invited to participate in the Women's Singles are:—

Gool Nasikwalla, Banoo Cama, Enid Bocarro, Mabel Brodie, Messrs. Gajendrasinh, Perin Madon, Mani Dadyburjor, Mehru Gasvalla, Dhun Mistry, Dhun Sethna, Rhoda Shroff, Jaya Walawalkar, Suhas Dharap, Roshan Wadia, Gool Billimoria, Dhun Munshi.

The reserves in the order of selection are:—

Manek Sathe, Freny Dhondy, Pilloo Billimoria, Mabel Kubes, and Kusum Lotwalla.

The tournament starts on 25th September and will last till 2nd October. The last day for sending in entries is 22nd September.

The selected players will select their own partners in the Doubles Events. Only sixteen pairs will be selected for the Men's and Mixed Doubles, and eight for the Women's Doubles.

Bombay Cricket

The following are the results of Sunday's Bombay cricket matches:

Bombay Gym. 241 for 8 (Malcolm 50, Tomlinson 58, E. R. Hickey 60 not out, S. N. Mehta 5 for 77) beat Fort Vijay CC 92 (Richardson 5 for 32); St. Xavier's College 176 (B. R. Irani 62 retired, K. C. Abdulla 43, C. H. Chandrana 3 for 13) drew with CCI 121 for 8 (M. K. Mantri 59, B. R. Irani 5 for 39); ICI Dyes CC 32 (M. S. Hammond 6 for 21) lost to May and Baker CC 92 (J. N. Carvalho 4 for 12); Law College beat Friends Union 63; Marina CC 65 beat Aga Khan Gym. 51; Hindu Gym. 56 beat Jolly Cricketers 55;. Bombay Gym. 'B' 89 drew with Reserve Bank 91 for 8; Elphinstone and RISC 132 for 8 beat Bhatia SC 63; Sydenham College 50 lost to Comrades CC 83; India United Mills 47 for 7 lost to E. D. Sassoon and Co.'s CC 81; Gaud Saraswat 71 beat Bombay Mutual 57; Moonlight CC 36 beat Hind Vijay CC 30; Parsi Cyclists 57 lost to Bohra Cricketers 114 for 9; Sassanian CC 55 beat Bank of India 46; Young Zoroastrians 53 lost to Regal Sports 97; National CC 150 beat Wellington CC 119; Indian Gym. 57 lost to Sunder CC 102; Jupiter Gen. Ins. Co.'s CC 126 beat BBCI Rly. 30; Scindia SC 52 lost to Young Worli SC 92 for 7.

KRAMER RALLIES TO RETAIN TITLE

U. S. Lawn Tennis

NEW YORK, Sept. 14. (Reuter): Jack Kramer successfully defended his men's singles title beating Frank Parker 4/6, 2/6, 6/1, 6/0 6/3.

For two sets, the tall defending champion looked like a beaten man. He could not play any tennis at all, while Frank Parker, the former United States Davis Cup player, was razor keen.

But the picture changed completely from the third set and the match became a rout. Jack Kramer staging a brillint comeback to retain his national title.

Though the third and fourth sets, Kramer ran off eleven straight games breaking Parker's service five times in his drive to victory. When he broke Parker's delivery again in the third game of the final set, the result was no longer in doubt.

Parker wore himself out taking the first two sets from the champion and after that was no match for Kramer in any department of the game. From the beginnng of the third set, Kramer did not make such volleying errors as he made earlier. His serving smashing, volleying and driving were all too severe for Parker.

Kramer finished off the third set in 19 minutes and then took the fouth in 16 minutes.

Miss Louise Brough, won a third title when she and her partner, John Bromwich, won the finals of the mixed doubles, beating Gertrude Moran of Santa Monica and Pancho Segura, Ecuador, 6—3, 6—1.

Miss Brough and Miss Margaret Osborne, hold the women' doubles title, having won for six years running.

French Swimmer Breaks World Record

MENTON, (France), Sept. 15. (Reuter): The French international swimmer, Alex Jany, broke the world hundred metres free style record in a 25 metre pool here this afternoon, covering the distance in 55.8 seconds.

The previous record was held by Allan Ford, United States, with a time of 55.9 seconds at New Haven, Connecticut, in 1944.

Jany, who is only 17 years of age, created a new world record for the 200 metres free-style during the European swimming championships last week with two minutes 5.4 seconds.

Edrich Passes Hayward's Record

LONDON, Sept. 15. (Reuter): When W. J. Edrich batting for Middlesex in the Champion county versus the Rest match at Kensington Oval today reached 173, he passed the late Tom Hayward's record of 3,518 runs in a season. Denis Compton broke this record last week and is still batting in today's match despite his knee injury which caused his retirement on Saturday.

T V. S. Sports Enter A.-I. Soccer Final

TRICHY, Sept 15. (A. P. I.): In the All-India Football Tournament last evening T. V. S Sports Club, Madura, beat Trichy Catholics by seven goals to nil and thus qualified themselves for semi-finals.

SCINDIA HOCKEY TOURNEY

GWALIOR, Sept. 10.

The local Scindia Senior Hockey Tournament is commencing this year on and from October 3, under the auspices of the Sports Association, Gwalior.

RATNAGIRI GAG ON HINDU SABHA LEADER

RATNAGIRI, Sept. 15. (A.P.I.): Mr. A. S. Bhide, General Secretary of the Bombay Provincial Hindu Sabha, has been served with an order by the District Magistrate, Ratnagiri, under the Bombay Public Security Measures Act, prohibiting him from making any public speech and contributing to any newspaper published in the District. The order will remain in force for a period of six months.

ITTEHADUL MUSLEMIN'S CHALLENGE TO SARDAR

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Sept. 14. (A. P. I.) A challenge to Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and the Indian Union was thrown by Syed Kasim Razvi, President of the Majlis-i-Ittehadul Muslemin and Abdul Rauf, Chairman of the Action Committee of the Majlis on the issue of Hyderabad joining the Indian Union at the resumed sitting of the Council of Majlis last night.

Mr. Razvi said that veiled threats held out by Sardar Patel on behalf of the Indian Union that if Hyderabad did not joint the Union dire consequences would follow clearly implied the imposition of economic sanctions and cutting off Hyderabad's communications and transport with the rest of India.

"If the Indian Union contemplated such an action", Mr. Razvi said: "Let Sardar Patel realise that Hyderabad can do much more harm to the Indian Union by adopting retaliatory measures.

JUNAGADH BAN ON BOMBAY DAILIES

RAJKOT, Sept. 15. (A.P.I.): The Junagadh State authorities have banned the import of three Gujarathi dailies of Bombay and Ahmedabad by land, sea or air into the Junagadh territory on the ground that they appear "to contain words and matter tending to bring into contempt the Government of Junagadh state and to stir up communal trouble".

The papers are the "Janmabhumi" and the "Vandemataram" from Bombay and the "Sandesh" from Ahmedabad.

Contravention of the order is punishable with a fine of Rs. 50 for the first offence and Rs. 100 for every subsequent offence.

WHEN AT CALCUTTA
STAY at:—
METROPOLE HOTEL
4 DACRES LANE, (Outside Curfew Area)
Gram: "METROTEL" Phone Cal. 1724
Booking of all Air Passages made

For TEXTILE DYES & INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS

UP FOR THE *Races?*

Between race days, visit Poona's famous beauty spots in one of our luxurious cars.
Drive yourself or we will supply a driver.
Either way, the car is entirely yours to come and go in as you please. Terms moderate.
Telephone or write for particulars today.

AUTO HIRERS
No. 19 National Hotel
Opp. Railway Station
POONA
Telephone No. 9/1080
also: Pratt's Building, Hughes Road, Bombay.

FOR THAT RADIANT Charm of Face

LA-BONNY
SNOW FOR A PERFECT COMPLEXION
CALCUTTA CHEMICAL

FOR perfect health, boundless energy and vitality, the bloodstream should be kept thoroughly cleansed. To ensure this, take Bile Beans regularly, just a couple at bedtime.

Being purely vegetable, Bile Beans gently but effectively clear the bowels of toxic food-wastes that cause sluggishness, indigestion and other ills. You can feel Bile Beans doing you good. They tone up the entire system, creating that perfect inner health which is the foundation of sparkling vitality and fitness.

To feel at your best always, take Bile Beans the world's most popular tonic-laxative

Take
BILE BEANS
for Inner Health

Agents: Messrs. KEMP & Co., LTD. P. O. Box 937, Bombay.

Digitized with funding from Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

AGRICULTURAL CROPS INSURANCES PROJECTS
(Government Approved ones)
Famine, Floods, Fire, Insects, Cold spells etc.
WANTED. CHIEF AGENTS.
General Insurance Companies to act as Agents—at once.
RASHID A. MUNSHI,
B. Ag. F. R. M. S. (London),
Agri. H. School—Abrama, Surat.

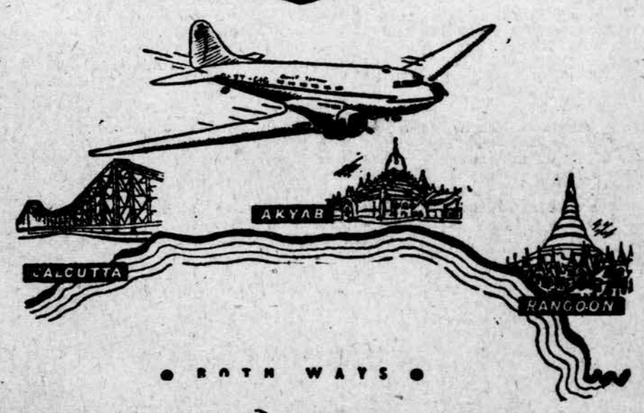
A Fascinating Folk Tale!
MANGAL'S Marathi Musical
JAI MALHAR
Starring: LALITA PAWAR, SUMATI GUPTE, BABURAO PENDHARKAR
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Thursday 1 p.m.
Plans open 10 to 12, 5 to 6 p.m.
2nd House-Full Week
MAJESTIC

Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.
Sun. and Holidays at 1 p.m.
It's a Picture with FAMILY APPEAL
G. M. A. Calcuttawala presents:
GIRIBALA
Screen Adoptation of GURUDEV TAGORE'S Famous Novel
AT
OPERA HOUSE

SONG SENSATIONAL
DIN PICTURES' Musical
JAGBITI
Starring **SURAIYA.**
SADIQ ALI, SULOCHANA CHATTERJI
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 ....
Sun., Thurs. 1 p.m.
5TH CROWDED WEEK
Plans open 10 to 12
IMPERIAL
A 'SELECT' Release

Hear MELODIOUS MUSIC IN.... *6th* WEEK
DO-DIL
A JAMUNA PRODUCTION
SURAIYA, MOTILAL, KARAN DIWAN
Songs:— MADHOK
AT NEW **WEST END**
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

ON THE STAGE OF **ROYAL OPERA HOUSE**
See PRITHVIRAJ with UZRA MUMTAZ, RAJ KAPOOR IN SHAKUNTALA on Thurs. 18th at 9-30 a.m.
DEEWAR on FRIDAY 19th 9-30 a.m.
PATHAN on Sunday 21st 9-30 a.m.
Advance Booking — Plans Open Today

A Vital Link...


● BOTH WAYS ●
DAILY SERVICE
CALCUTTA-RANGOON ... Rs 185
CALCUTTA-AKYAB ..... Rs 90
AKYAB-RANGOON..... Rs 95
10% LESS FOR RETURN TRIPS
Fly by
ORIENT *Skyliner*
ORIENT AIRWAYS LIMITED
● BOOKING & ENQUIRIES ●
Calcutta : 36 Chowringhee. Phone : Cal 6773
Rangoon : U. Tharrawady Maung Maung & Sons, 632, Merchant St. Phone : South 804
Akyab : Orient Airways Limited, Hopkins Road

Move your Freight by Orient Skyfreighters
OAK 8

RATION CARDS FOR GUESTS

The Public Relations Officer, Rationing, Bombay, writes:

Guests who stay for seven days or more are ordinarily eligible to temporary ration cards. It has been, however, represented that the hosts are at times put to difficulties in feeding the guests before temporary ration cards for the guests are issued to them.

It has been, therefore, decided to allow a host in such a case to draw rations for next succeeding week in advance on the permanent ration cards of his household to the extent of number of units that may be admissible to the guests.

The application for advance rations is to be made along with the application for temporary ration cards i.e. 'V' form. A new form of application has been printed at the back of the 'V' form for this purpose. This application must be made by the host and the permanent ration card produced along with the application. The Ration Shop-keeper will then be authorised to issue the next succeeding week's ration in advance on cancellation of the appropriate coupons. The visitors will be issued with temporary ration cards if on verification they are found to be eligible for them. Such cards will be valid only from the date of issue as at present.

Card holders whose ration cards are registered at Factory Shops where monthly rations are issued are not entitled to this concession.

The Central Separated Milk Powder Depot at the Cricket Club of India, Bombay and the distribution depots at Bandra and Kurla, will remain closed on September 18, on account of Ganesh Chaturthi, which is a public holiday.

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu : Bhadrapad Shud 2, 2003
Muslim : Shavaj 30, 1366.
Parsi : Farvardin 13, 1317.
Sunrise : 6-26 a.m. Sunset : 6-42 p.m.
Hightide : 00-39, 12-56.
Lowtide : 06-40, 19-07.
IMPROVEMENT COMMITTEE : Meeting today (Tuesday), at 4 p.m. (B. T.).

Domestic Occurrence

DEATH.

KIRTIKAR :—Ingrasen Ramrao Barkrishna V. N., son-in-law of Rao Saheb Ramrao Dhackjee Rane, ex-Deputy Registrar, Small Causes Court, Bombay, died at Khar, of short illness on Saturday, 13th instant. Deeply mourned by his wife, son, daughter, and his nearest relatives.

Today's Engagements

PUNJAB & FRONTIER ASSOCIATION : First meeting of Punjab and Frontier Refugees Relief Fund Committee will be held today (Tuesday), at 5-30 p.m., at Congress House, Mr. S. K. Patil, will preside.

RECEPTION TO NEW BISHOP OF BOMBAY.

Public reception in honour of the new Bishop of Bombay, at Taj Mahal Hotel, at 5-30 p.m., today (Tuesday). Lady Colville will preside and the Hon. Mr. Chagla, will be one of the speakers.

CHILDREN'S BOOK EXHIBITION.

A children's book exhibition will be held during the ensuing Dasara festivities at Mysore. Publishers of children's books in all languages are requested to send in their publications to the Secretary, Children's Book Council, Vanita Sadan, Jayanagar, Mysore. All exhibits are to be in the hands of the organizers before the 10th of October, 1947. Charts, educational toys are also welcome.

Death Of Lieut-Col. Zorawarsingh

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

BHAVNAGAR, Sept. 12.

Lieut.-Col. Zorawarsinghji Harisinghji, former Political Minister, Panna State, and one of the prominent personalities of the Garashia community of Gujarat and Kathiawar, has passed away in Bhavnagar. He was Chief Secretary of the Bhavnagar State Council during the Minority Administration for 16 years and joined Panna State service in 1936 as Political Minister. In 1942, he was appointed as tutor to the heir-apparent of the Maharaja of Bhavnagar which post he held upto his death.

He was a veteran soldier and saw active services in the World War 1 and was decorated with M. C. and mentioned many times in dispatches.

His advice was sought in Princely Order including the Ministers of States, big and small, which was evident by the fact that he had been invariably asked to serve on various Committees appointed by the Chamber of Princes. He was also one of the Ministers on the Special Committee appointed by the Chamber to put the case of Princely Order of India before Sir Stafford Cripps, in 1942.

Help Refugees

The Rural Moblie Relief Society requests the citizens of Bombay to donate clothes, old and new and such collections will be sent for the benefit of the destitute refugees at Delhi and other places.

The Society, therefore approaches you, men and women, boys and girls, tiny tots, Hindus, Muslims, Parsees, Christians, Sikhs, Jains and all to contribute your mite. Please send your donations to the office of the Rural Mobile Relief Society, 219, Frere Road, Fort, Bombay (near G. P. O.).

The Society also need the assistance from people who are willing to volunteer their services for this work. Please let the Hon. Secretaries know whether you can help this Society that way too.

Municipal Pensioner Dies Of Burns

BOMBAY, Monday.

A 68-year old Parsee municipal pensioner, Sawaksha Nanabhai Gazdar died of burns last night, when his beading caught fire. The deceased has been ill since the last one year and used to reside alone in a room in Kooka Building, Grant Road. When smoke was seen coming out from his room at 8 p.m. yesterday, neighbours broke in and put out the fire, but the deceased who had sustained severe burns died at the J. J. Hospital within two hours. At the Coroner's Court, today, the jury gave a verdict of accidental death.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

TUESDAY, Sept. 16.

BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—7-30 a.m. Geet Manthan 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-00 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 R. A. Paingankar (Flute) 8-45 Amritlal Raval 9-00 D. R. Godbole 12-00 p.m. Akashavani-Ne-Chotare 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Apni Pasand 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Lunch Hour 4-20 School Broadcasts 4-20 Feature (E) 4-40 Tabla Tarang 4-45 Science—Talk (G) 5-00 R. A. Paingankar (Flute) 5-15 Avdabai Sangekar 5-45 Topic of Day 5-55 Locals 6-00 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 J. G. Gore 6-30 Sardar Mansoor 6-45 Meenal Brahmandkar 7-00 Ganpatram Krut Gujarati Bhajano 7-15 R. A. Paingankar—Flute 7-30 Kamgarancha Arogyavima (M) 7-45 Keemat 8-00 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 "Khoon" (Radio play) 9-00 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News 9-40 Programme Parade 9-45 Medicine for People (E) 10-00 Homi Kanga (Violin) 10-15 Tino Rossi (Tenor) 10-20 Marion Cheetham (Soprano) 10-35 London Phil. Orch. 10-40 George Lester (Violon).

VARIATIONS.

BOMBAY—II.

41.44 m. (7240 kc/s)—7-40 a.m. Gujarati Geeto 6-15 p.m. Calling Rural Listeners.

61.48 m. (4880 kc/s)—7-45 p.m. Commercial News 8-00 Amritlal Roval 9-15 J. G. Gore 9-00 Avdabai Sangekar 9-30 Sardar Mansoor 10-00 Meenal Brahmandkar 10-20 Tarana 10-30 D. R. Godbole.

Weather News For Farmers

FORECAST TILL THE MORNING OF SEPT. 17 :—Thunder-showers may be fairly widespread and locally rather heavy in Telungana the Hyderabad, Karnatak and Central Hyderabad. A few thunder-showers are also likely in Marathawada, the Bombay Karnatak, south Mawal and Desh. Local light showers will occur in the Konkanpatti and scattered light showers in Gujarat Kathiawar, Cutch Khandesh and north Mawal.

OUTLOOK FOR SUBSEQUENT 2 DAYS :—Rainfall may slightly increase in the south Konkanpatti, the Bombay Karnatak and the Deccan and decrease in Cutch and Kathiawar.

SPECIAL FEATURES OF 24th A.-I. MEDICAL CONFERENCE

BOMBAY, Monday.

The twenty-fourth session of the All-India Medical Conference will be held in Bombay from December 24 for a week. A unique feature of the meeting, to which nearly 400 branches of the Indian Medical Association will send delegates, will be a medical exhibition displaying the progress of medical science in India in all its aspects.

Dr. R. N. Cooper, Chairman of the Reception Committee of the Conference, told the press at a Taj Mahal Hotel luncheon that the forthcoming conference was to be held on a grand scale and a large number of delegates and visitors were expected to attend it. Besides the general medical exhibition, there is to be a scientific medical exhibition which will seek to provide an easy visual method of learning the various aspects of different diseases for the benefit of general practitioners who rarely got an opportunity to keep themselves up to date with the achievements of modern medicine.

The conference will be held in the J.J. Hospital grounds and a number of committees have been formed for making the event a success. Dr. Cooper, the Chairman of the Reception Committee, will be assisted by Dr. Chamanlal Mehta, Organising Secretary, and two joint secretaries, Dr. S. V. Oak and Dr. B. R. Nayen. Dr. C. S. Thakar and Dr. P. G. Parekh will be in charge of the finances of the Reception Committee.

Appealing for public co-operation, Dr. Cooper told pressmen that they could no longer ignore the march of medical progress. As for medical men, they had to make their conference less technical for the understanding of the common man. He felt hopeful that the press would support the move enthusiastically.

Tehmuras Doongaji Dramatic Competition

The Fourth Inter-School Dramatic Competition for the Tehmuras Doongaji Challenge Trophy will be held at Sunderbai Hall on Sunday the 30th of November at 10 a.m. Circulars explaining rules and other details and inviting entries have already been sent to all recognized schools in Bombay and Suburbs. The main object of the Competition is to encourage team work through dramatics among the students. The collective efforts of all the students in the scene, not that of any one individual will be the main criterion of awarding the Trophy in the Senior and the Junior Sections. The Committee has purchased a number of plays suitable for production by schools, and these can be had from the Hon. Secretary, Mrs. Nargest Palkhivala, New Petit Mansion Sleator Road, Bombay. Mrs. Mary Sethna Bombay's popular amateur and trophy winner of Lovji Cama Dramatic Competition 1942, has kindly agreed to assist the schools in the selection and production of the play. To help the poor students and to attract entries, the Committee, in addition to the Trophies and Cups, will award a cash Donation of Rs. 100/- to the school that sends the best team in each section, provided there are sufficient number of entries in each section. Last year the Sunderbai Hall was overcrowded with people eager to see the budding stars. Unfortunately, the schools themselves responded poorly and there were only eight entries. This year it is hoped that the special measures taken by the Committee will remove the difficulties experienced by the schools in participating in the competition, and it is expected that they will send their entries in large numbers to the Chairman, Mr. M. H. Engineer, A.C.C. Building, Opp. Churchgate Station, 1, Queen's Road, Bombay. The competition is open to all schools. Entries will close on the 30th October.

Truth About Dockyard Strike

BOMBAY, Sept. 15. (A. P. I.) : The report that Mr. S. C. Joshi, Chief Commissioner of Labour, Government of India, is coming to Bombay to settle the dockyard workers' strike is incorrect, says a Press Note issued by the Public Relations Directorate, Bombay, today.

The Press Note says that there is no truth in the statement published in a section of the Press that "the Government of India is giving consideration to the proposals of the deputation for the settlement of the strike".

"In so far as the dockyard authorities are concerned," the Press Note adds," the strike was called off on September 13 when the lock-out was lifted and in consequence the need for further negotiations does not arise".

Protest Against Cinema Construction In Andheri

The Working Committee of Shree Mahila Mandal, Andheri, at a meeting held recently passed a resolution protesting against permission being given to Mr. Ghordandas Bhanji to build a cinema house in the town planning scheme No. 1 which was intended for residential purposes and where there are institution such as the Andheri Girls' School, an orphanage, a boarding house and the office of the Mahila Mandal. The Committee appeals to the Home Member, Government of Bombay, the Collector, Bombay Suburban District, and the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, to withdraw the permission.

DR BHAVE BAGS ZALA VEDANT PRIZE

BARODA, Sept. 15, (A. P. I.) : Dr. Bhave of the Baroda College was awarded the "Sujna" Gokulji Zala Vedant Prize of the Bombay University this year. His subject was on "How far is Shankaracharya the correct interpretor of Bhagwad Gita"

Fire Breaks Out In Insurance Co. Office

BOMBAY, Monday.

A fire broke out in the offices of the Bombay Mutual Life Assurance Society Ltd., Bombay Mutual Building, Hornby Road, at 9-15 p.m., tonight when ledgers caught fire from sparks caused by a short circuit in the electrical wiring. Serious damage was however prevented by bearers who poured water on the flames, and by the time the Fire Brigade arrived, the fire had been extinguished.

Addresses To New Judges

Two new judges who took their seat on the Bench of the Bombay High Court, on Monday, were welcomed on behalf of the Bar. The Advocate General Mr. C. K. Daphtary welcomed Mr. Justice M. V. Desai who took his seat on the Original Side. Mr. R. A. Jaghirdar who took his seat on the Appellate side was welcomed by the Government Pleader Mr. S. G Patwardhan and Mr. H. M Choksi President of the Western India Advocates Association. Both the new judges made suitable replies.

UNAUTHORISED SALE OF CLOTH ALLEGED

Two Persons Arrested

BOMBAY, Monday.

Ebrahim Rajab Maherally and Akbarali Ebrahim Meherally were arrested by the police on Sept 13 on a charge of having sold cloth meant for export to unauthorised persons holding no valid license The accused are said to have been trapped with the help of a bogus customer.

34 bales of cloth meant for export were, it is stated, recovered by the police from the godown of the accused in Jasani Building at Byculla.

The accused were ordered to be remanded into police custody by Mr. J. M. Barot, Presidency Magistrate, Mazgaon Police Court.

Body Extricated Out Of Debris

BOMBAY, Monday

Fire Brigade Officers extricated on Saturday, the body of a 40-year old Muslim out of the debris of the furniture house on Chakla Street which was gutted last Friday morning.

The body—which was in a highly decomposed state—is believed to be that of one of the two missing persons of a group of six who were sleeping on the fourth floor of the building.

United Nations' Dilemma

Ten Distinct Areas Of Disagreement

LAKE SUCCESS, SEPT. 15, (U.P.A.): WHEN THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE UNITED NATIONS CONVENES HERE TOMORROW IT WILL FACE AT LEAST TEN DISTINCT AREAS OF DISAGREEMENT AMONG THE POWERS—PRINCIPALLY BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND THE SOVIET UNION.

These are:—

(1) Atomic Energy: The United States and Russia are deadlocked over several distinct differences regarding the destruction of bombs already built, inspection of factories, etc.

(2) Disarmament: No agreement is in sight yet on how to reduce this heavy burden. In China, for instance, 80 percent, according to some estimates, of the budgets is devoted to maintaining the army.

(3) United Nations Police Force. The Soviets and the United States are at odds over the actual strength of the proposed international constabulary as well as the extent to which nations should contribute—proportionate to their strength or in equal amounts.

In addition to the above three fields of broad interest with a corresponding degree of disagreement are five separate geographic trouble spots which may come to the General Assembly's attention, the Security Council having earlier failed to solve the problems effectively.

These are: (1)—Indonesia, (2) The Balkans, (3) Egypt, (4) Trieste and (5) Spain.

Along with those problems is the knotty question of admitting seven nations which have applied for membership in the international organization.

Perhaps the foremost problem facing the world in search of peace and harmony is the question of the veto —used 20 times by Russia and France in Big Power discussions to frustrate the will of the majority.

Soviet Delegate Andrei Gromyko replying to exhortations that the veto procedure be changed, has stated quite bluntly that any attempt to change the veto provisions will be playing with fire.

Whether the veto question will come up before the General Assembly is yet to be decided. However, most students of international affairs agree that the reason the veto provisions were included in the Charter was that Russian insistence at San Francisco indicated even then that the only successful action the UN could ever take would be the result of unanimous decision. When Russia and the United States—the world's Big Two—are in accord, everything runs smoothly. But in disagreement, as has been the bulk of the record, the Soviets have employed the veto to a point where they are charged with abusing it.

Here is a box-score of the twenty vetoes—18 by the USSR and two by France—cast in the United Nations since the organization's inception:

Soviet Russia— (18):
Membership questions, 6; Balkan issues, 5; United Nations action on Spain, 2; Parliamentary questions, 2; and Syrian question, 1.

France—(2):
United Nations investigation in Indonesia, 1; Parliamentary question, 1.

PRESENT SHARE MARKET

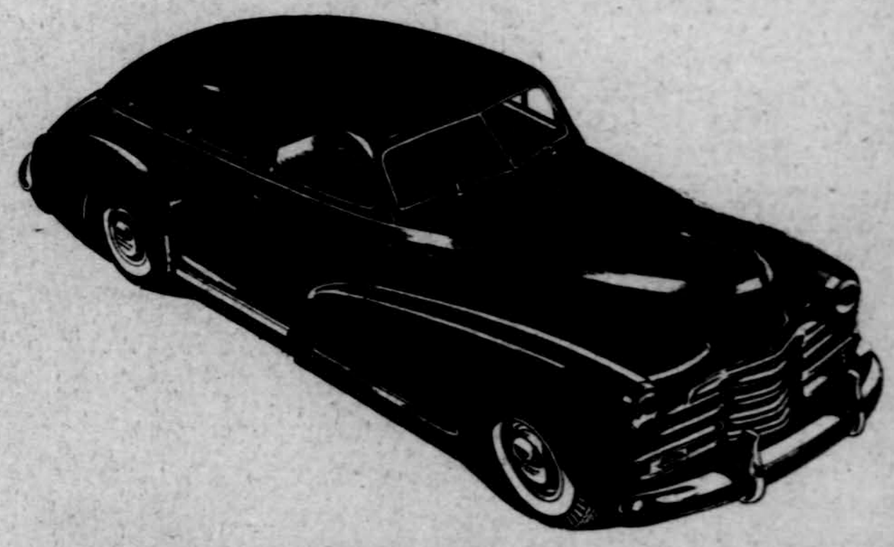
The present Share Market price afford you a golden opportunity to help yourself. Under our Margin Deposit Scheme, we are willing to advance 50 p.c. of the total value of Shares charging at a nominal rate of interest. Further details on request. Ask for our WEEKLY SHARE MARKET REVIEW.

Mr. K. D. MUKHERJEE, Mg. Director

COMMERCIAL SHARE DEALERS' SYNDICATE LTD.

8, Lyonds, Range Calcutta 1, 'Phone: CAL. 1945
U. P. Office:— WILSON LODGE. Model House, Lucknow.
Bankura Office:— KARNEE BAZAR, Bankura. 'Phone: Bankura 36.

BIG-CAR QUALITY AT LOWEST COST



THE NEWEST
CHEVROLET
Retail Price ex-plant Bombay (exclusive of Sales Tax or other tax when due) Chevrolet Rs 9,295/-
It's bigger-looking, better-looking, and the most beautiful buy in its field
CHEVROLET
SEE YOUR LOCAL DEALER:
THE BOMBAY GARAGE LTD., Chowpatty, BOMBAY ● THE BOMBAY GARAGE (AHMEDABAD) LTD., Shahibag Road, AHMEDABAD ● THE BOMBAY GARAGE (POONA) LTD., 11, Sphinistone Road, POONA ● THE BOMBAY GARAGE (C.P.) LTD., Raghavendra Rao Road, NAGPUR ● THE BOMBAY GARAGE (RAJKOT) LTD., Gondal Road, RAJKOT ● SAROSH LIMITED, King's Road, AHMEDNAGAR ● WESTERN INDIAN STATES MOTORS, JODHPUR ● NOSHIRWAN & CO., LTD., Maharani Road, INDORE ● SHRI LAXMI AUTOMOBILES LTD., KOLHAPUR ● INDIA MOTORS LTD., Kutchery Road, AJMER
GENERAL MOTORS GM INDIA LIMITED
G. M. 16-47

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Sept. 15 (API.) Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during past 24 hours from 1st June 1947 and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hours I S T on 15th September 1947 :—

Ahmedabad 89 77 T 21.0 minus 5.6 Ahmednagar 88 65 0 12.4 minus 3.1 Allahabad 88 75 0.1 30.7 minus 1.4 Belgaum 81 67 0 32.6 minus 4.6 BOMBAY 86 78 T 49.3 minus 13.9 Calcutta 86 80 0 52.2 plus 9.7 Lahore Nil Lucknow 82 77 0.1 40.5 plus 7.9 Delhi 92 75 2.8 8.7 minus 11.4 Hyderabad (Dn) 87 76 0 21.2 minus 1.9 Indore 84 73 0 34.2 plus 5.2 Karachi 86 79 0 1.9 minus 4.0 Patna 81 77 0.3 35.8 minus 0.3 Madras 89 75 0 10.9 minus 1.3 Mahableshwar 69 59 T 176.4 minus 64.0 Mysore 81 68 0 10.5 minus 0.4 Poona 84 68 0 16.6 minus 0.4 Sholapur 91 73 T 21.0 plus 8.7 Simla 67 61 0 22.3 minus 21.1 Srinagar Nil.

WEATHER SUMMARY.

The following is daily weather summary for Monday, the 15th September, 1947 :—

Weather is unsettled in the East Central Bay of Bengal. Rainfall has been widespread in Assam, Bihar, the East Central India, Malabar, the Madras Deccan and South Hyderabad and local in North Bengal, Chota Nagpur, the United Provinces, East Rajputana and Mysore. A few showers have also occurred in Orissa, the East and North Punjab, Gujrat, the Bombay Deccan, North Hyderabad and South-East Madras,.

FORECAST UNTIL THE 16TH EVENING : Rainfall will be widespread from the United Provinces to North-East India, in the East Central Provinces, East Hyderabad, the Madras Deccan and Malabar and local in the North Madras coast, South-East Madras, Mysore, the Konkan, the South Bombay Deccan, Gujarat, East Rajputana, West Central India and the East Punjab.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

The wise man draws more advantage from his enemies than the fool from his friends.

—Benjamin Franklin.

The Bombay Chronicle

LAND REFORM

It is most encouraging to note that there was hardly any opposition to the Bombay Government's bill to prevent fragmentation of holdings and to encourage their consolidation when it came up before the Legislative Assembly for its third reading. Opposition for the sake of opposition is now on the wane and the evil effects of fragmentation have been brought home to all those who know anything about agriculture in the province. Many also have come to know that consolidation of agricultural holdings in the Punjab and Sind has been highly successful. The Bombay bill provides for the fixing of a standard minimum area for an economic unit, registration of fragments below the standard unit, prohibiting transfers of registered fragments except to the holders of contiguous plots and prohibiting the creating of fragments in the future. As an encouragement to the landholder who may be adversely affected by the bill it is provided that an amount equal to half the revenue assessment on the lands included in the scheme of consolidation will be remitted for three years following the date on which the scheme comes into force.

A bill somewhat on these lines was introduced in the old Legislative Council of Bombay under the Mountford Reforms but was quietly dropped after being subjected to severe criticism both in the Legislature and outside it. The present bill is being welcomed by many as the public have come to realise the evil effects of excessive fragmentation, as the cultivation of tiny and scattered holdings involve much waste of time and labour in moving implements and equipment from one fragment to another. Fragmentation also prevents improvements like bunding, fencing etc., as being either too costly for the tiny holdings or otherwise impracticable. There is thus a progressive deterioration of the land, an evil which can no longer be allowed to be continued. In view of the growth of population and consequent growing pressure on land agriculture has got to be made more remunerative. And to this end consolidation of small holding is an indispensable measure. But it is not the only one. If modern implements are to be used profitably the holdings must be sufficiently large and in many cases will have to be worked on co-operative lines. Co-operative farming should be encouraged with suitable concessions like remission of land revenue and provision of good seeds and manure at cost price. Educative propaganda with the aid of demonstration farms in every taluka and otherwise is also essential. We trust the Government will follow up their achievements in tenancy reform, relief of agricultural indebtedness and consolidation of holdings with other necessary agricultural reforms.

The U. N. O. Assembly

The world is still passing through the transition from a devastating war. If, in this period, a world organisation like U.N.O., which came into existence only after the end of the war, did not achieve much that was definitely constructive, no blame would attach to it. The problems are tremendous and would take time to be adequately dealt with. It would be enough if U.N.O. proved that it was, however slowly and painfully, getting those problems under control and putting the world on the road to progress and democratic peace. The tragedy of U.N.O. is that this is what it has failed to do. It inherited from world war 2, the crisis of peace. But it has since been progressing increasingly through a different series of crisis, crises which involve, quite frankly, threats of another war. This year's sessions of the General Assembly is confronted with a graver international situation than last year's.

Conflicts, which arose among the Big Powers immediately after they had victoriously finished the last war, have, instead of being gradually solved, rapidly assumed proportions which cannot be contemplated with equanimity. Greece, which Mr. Marshall has emphasised as the critical issue facing the Assembly, represents the "malaise" of which the whole world is aware. It is a "malaise" which has already resulted in the splitting of nations into two camps each trying to outmanoeuvre the other. Where will it end? Mr. Marshall has defined the role of the General Assembly as a "forum in which our disagreements must be resolved." So far they have only been intensified. If the process is not checked the world situation, after the Assembly sessions, will emerge as worse than it was. Failure over Greece will lead to more failures and crisis until everything bursts into flames and humanity is burnt and scorched to death.

Frankly Speaking

Alternative To Peace

The other day there came from the United States reports of certain tendentious and controversial statements made by Pakistan's Ambassador, Mr. M. A. H. Ispahani, regarding the origin of, and responsibility for the present troubles in the Punjab and elsewhere. These statements forced the Indian Charge-d'Affaire to issue a protest and a correction. It is unfortunate that he should have repeated the same accusation at Washington which has spoiled an otherwise statesmanlike statement. For, Mr. Ispahani is right in hoping that the present "unhappiness" would end soon. It is only too true that both States are faced with a stupendous task of national reconstruction which requires all their energies and resources. They simply cannot afford to quarrel and indulge in strife. For that way lies national death.

Good News

We said yesterday that both India and Pakistan owed it to themselves and to their international obligations not to allow domestic conflicts in this country to be exhibited in any shape or form in the U.N.O. Assembly and other U. N. Committees. We are, therefore, glad to note that India's leader, Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit, has been assured, and is confident, of the solidarity of the Pakistan representatives with those of India in fighting the common cause, namely, the Indo-South African issue. Being two separate and sovereign States, India and Pakistan would naturally function as two separate entities, but as a united team. That is what is needed. Together they can do great work in getting the United Nations to vindicate the rights of Indians in South Africa and their own national honour. Together, they can also prove to be of considerable assistance to others who are fighting for their democratic rights, as, for instance, Indonesia and Palestine Arabs.

Anti-Zamindari Bill

The Madras Government's Bill for the abolition of the Zamindari System in the province is a beneficent, if belated, measure. It repeals the long-standing permanent settlement by the acquisition of all Zamindari estates and converting them into Ryotwari, paying equitable compensation to the Zamindars. The principle of equitable compensation is unexceptionable but sharp differences of opinion are bound to arise in its detailed application. It must be acknowledged that all high incomes need to be taxed at present and it is not equitable to exempt high agricultural incomes. And we expect that the liability of Zamindars to pay the tax on agricultural incomes will be duly considered in fixing the compensation to be paid to them. Moreover, allowance must be made for the exorbitant rents long levied by the Zamindars from the ryots, and the reduction that would have been inevitable in the absence of a law to abolish the Zamindari System. We trust there will be little or no opposition to the principle of the bill in question. It is said that the Madras Government expects a net income of one crore of rupees annually as a result of taking over the Zamindari estates in the province. That is a fair measure of the unearned income of the Zamindars for decades past.

Anti-Caste Bill

Much interest will be evoked all over the country by the Anti-Caste Bill tabled for consideration by the Madras Congress Legislative Party. It is a private bill sponsored by the former Chief Parliamentary Secretary. It is said to provide that all disabilities arising on account of caste distinctions should cease to have any force of law. It also seeks to abrogate all references to caste sect or community in Acts and orders of the Executive and public documents. The object of the bill is doubtless noble, namely, to consolidate Hindu society and through it the country as a whole. But the acceptance of the bill by the Congress Party and later the Legislature will depend largely on the specific provisions of the measure. One of the provisions states that surnames like Ayyangar, Ayyar, Chettiar, Gupta, Menon, Nair, Reddier and Sastri should not be recognised in law. We do not think this is feasible or necessary. But we are sure Government can do much, directly or indirectly, through legislation and otherwise, to mitigate and ultimately eradicate the evil of caste. Only, most of the work necessary in bringing about this aim will have to be done by the public even apart from legislation. Without this many anti-caste laws may be ineffective.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Gandhiji And His Leadership

Sir,—An article under the caption "Leadership in Democracy" has appeared in "Bombay Chronicle" on August 27 Mr. P. R. Lele the writer has tried to express his views on Gandhian doctrine and has insisted on accepting Gandhi's leadership. So far as Gandhian doctrine is concerned it is difficult to say how many people have understood it in its true sense. Gandhian doctrine, as it exists today has been understood and followed by numerous people according to their own interpretations and convictions. Many people have applauded his high doctrines and exhorted the masses to act accordingly. But, it is an irony of fate that very few, indeed, have gone to the depth of his feelings and grasped the essence of his doctrine. Ahimsa, with all its true implications, is the torch-bearer of his soul force. His lofty ideals and high principles are based on this Ahimsa alone. His Ahimsa is the Ahimsa of the strong. Without it his doctrine is as good as dead. Mr. P. R. Lele says "I am able to understand that the country or those who have to run a Government in the 20th century cannot follow Mahatma Gandhi in respect of two items of his programme viz (1) Armament (2) Mechanisation...." It seems Mr. Lele has not read one of the post-prayer speeches of Mahatma Gandhi in which he has clearly stated that India should not require any military force at all. And everybody knows it very well that he is dead against mechanisation. Barring these two important items what does Gandhian doctrine stand for? Can we say we are true to Gandhiji and his leadership? Can we say we have followed even one percent of his doctrine and philosophy? How many Congress workers came forward during the communal riots in Bombay and offered their selfless services to the cause of Hindu-Muslim unity? And how many of them actually perished like the late Ganesh Shanker Vidyarthi while serving both the communities. What about corruption which is rampant everywhere including Congress organisation itself? Today, India is morally degraded, culturally backward and physically crippled. People do not need Gandhiji's leadership now. Because it means hypocrisy on the part of the people and nothing else. Under the guise of Gandhiji's followers selfish leaders and others have exploited and betrayed the masses. It has got to be stopped, Mr. Lele! Gandhiji is doing a wonderful work. Let him do it as peacefully as possible. He is not worried about his leadership. Gandhiji will live to be 125 years. And one day you will find that not only India but the whole world is anxious for his leadership. —Yours etc.

K. MOHAN.

Memorial To The Mahatma

Sir,—Let me congratulate you on your Leader of the 28th August giving so candid an expression to your reactions on the proposal for erecting a bronze statue of Mahatmaji in Bombay near the Gateway of India. To spend away Rupees ten lakhs after a bronze statue would, as you say, be a sheer waste of money. Indeed, it would not be liked by Gandhiji himself or such of his followers—and there are thousands of them even in Bombay—who have understood the significance of Gandhian Philosophy and its permanent value in the affairs of men: Gandhiji has been telling us on numerous occasions that the only way in which we can express our reverence and love for him and our appreciation of the services that he has rendered to the country and the world, is to carry out his constructive programme in all sincerity and earnestness.

If, therefore, those who have sponsored the proposal of erecting a bronze statue of Mahatma Gandhi are able to collect Rupees ten lakhs or even more for an object or objects dear to Gandhiji, I would suggest to them that a village in the rural outskirts of the city of Bombay may be built from the funds collected according to Gandhiji's teachings. There are thousands of persons believing in Gandhian philosophy, scattered over the country, some of whom doing in their humble way constructive work according to Gandhiji's ideas, who will be too willing to place their services and experience in the building of such a model village. I would further suggest that the village may be built and developed by the joint efforts of the followers of Gandhiji belonging to various communities so that the cosmopolitan character of its inhabitants may be fostered. And the village when it develops would serve as an example and inspiration to the people belonging to different communities living elsewhere in the country to make every effort to regain India's soul that is being lost today in the fratricidal war that is taking place in several parts of the country.

If eternal vigilance is the price of liberty, then for the liberty we have achieved through the sacrifices of Gandhiji, the solitary apostle of non-violence, "Back to Gandhi" as you say, is the only slogan that needs to be taken up seriously, earnestly and in all humility by the people. Indeed no other type of eternal vigilance in the context of the present world politics appeals to me as the price to be paid for sustaining the liberty that we have achieved.—Yours, etc.

DRAVIN B. DIVANJI

Khar,

Foodgrain Scarcity

Sir,—We read in the Newspapers that we are on the verge of famine and that there is 50-50 chances to escape catastrophe and that the Food Official admits ship-to-mouth living and that this will be the first headaches of the Dominion Government. We also note that the failure of rains in the Punjab, Rajputana, Gujarat and Kathiawar has aggravated the position and that the only hope of amelioration of the precarious position there is procurement in between now and next month. We also note the critical situation which is the result of the failure of Wheat crop through rust, now threatens to be prolonged because of the failure of monsoon in those parts where wheat is being cultivated.

While admitting that the new Government is faced with these critical situations, I would like to make it clear that in these days of scarcity, proper care should have been given long before this and Private Traders who are in a position to import these from foreign countries should have been allowed to import and to sell either to Government or private firms at the prices fixed by the Government. I can also make it quite clear that there are stocks of 'Bajri', 'Juwar' and Wheat in Aden and Abyssinia—which could have been of immense use to save the catastrophe.

While agreeing that the Government has done something in this direction to alleviate this by issuing quotas for export of piecegoods to those ports against supply of foodgrains at cheaper limits in view of the sanctioning of quotas, it goes without saying that as far as Ethiopia is concerned, monopoly is given to only a few for procuring foodstuffs in exchange of piece-goods quota whereas the established dealers in the line were not contacted.

Regarding the procuring of the foodstuffs as: 'Moong', 'Udid', 'Chola', 'Vatana', and Wal which is available in-large-quantities in Aden, Abyssinia, Africa, Portsudan, Basra and Hongkong, it has been since notified that as from 1st July 1947, the import of these are restricted, and licenses—although applied for—, are not issued to Private Traders. How then do the Government want to solve the problem? They have tried their level best and have failed. Let them now give a chance to the deserving Private Traders.

The Government raise the question of financial difficulties for not issuing these licenses. While agreeing with the Government on this point, would it not be fair to mention also that how they could issue licenses to every applicant for Cotton and Woollen Piece-goods to the tune of crores if applied for—whereas the question of finance and exchange does not arise here. Would it not be proper for the Government taking the seriousness of the position to look into the matter of procuring foodstuff than utilising the exchange and finance for the procuring of Cloth from foreign countries? Taking into consideration that India has much improved in the manufacture of Cloth and that she could manufacture improved qualities to suffice the needs of the clothing problem of Indians, will not the Government change their policy?—Yours, etc

K. V. KAMATH.

National Language

Sir,—A good deal of propaganda is being done for making Hindustani, in both Urdu and Hindi scripts, as the 'lingua franca' of India.

As a matter of fact Hindustani is no language in the true sense of the word. It is incapable of expressing anything but the very elementary ideas. There does not exist a single publication which can truly be described to be in Hindustani. Even the writings of the most emphatic advocates of Hindustani are actually either in Hindi (if the script in which he writes happens to be Devnagri) or in Urdu (if the script is Persian). This is inevitable.

The keeping of two scripts is thus the adoption of two languages. Even apart from this, two scripts cannot but cause confusion, and waste, and sometimes also petty quarrels and bitterness—a Muslim officer preferring Urdu script, his subordinates, who might happen to be Hindus preferring the other, and VICE-VERSA. And why on earth the drudgery of learning two quite unrelated scripts (and therefore languages) be imposed on the people?

It is to be hoped that the members of the Consembly will be led by rational arguments in prescribing a National Language, and will not yield to their tradition of appeasing the fancies of Hindus and Muslims.

They must chose ONE language as the National Language—Hindi or Urdu.

"K"

Bombay Governor's Remedy For Mass Violence

Sir Homi Mody Pleads For "Change Of Heart Among Our Own People"

BOMBAY, Monday.

"The awakening of public conscience against mass violence and the rendering of killing and crime "more expensive" are two sure ways of combating the present trend towards lawlessness," said Sir H. P. Mody, acting Governor of Bombay, at a reception accorded to him by the Mayor of Bombay and members of the Municipal Corporation today.

His Excellency declared: "For years we have agitated for a change of heart in our erstwhile rulers. I think the time has come now when we should pray for a change of heart among our own people."

Sir Homy Mody was loudly cheered when he said that the "lone figure of the Mahatma fighting heroically against the bestiality of his own countrymen" would act as an inspiration to them in their efforts to usher in peace and harmony. He recalled the "splendid achievement of Gandhiji in healing the wounds" and described the Mahatma's mission as the 'most heroic phase of his life."

MAYOR'S TRIBUTE.

Mr. A. P. Saoavalla, the Mayor, welcomed His Excellency Sir Homy and Lady Mody and said that Sir Homy's twenty-seven years of membership in the Bombay Corporation stood him in good stead when he entered public life. From 1913 when he became a corporator "till he developed superfluous energies", he was a "delectable" figure in the Corporation Hall enlivening the atmosphere with his rich humour and affable manners.

The Mayor stated that if they were experiencing many hardships and agonies to-day the one remedy was to go in for long-range plans. If "congested Bombay" was to be made more happy, it must expand. The Government of Bombay consisted of men of high idealism but he was sorry to say that they were afraid of spending money. "Why should we be afraid of spending money where it is needed? The peoples' money should be spent for the welfare of the people," he said.

After Sir Homy and Lady Mody were garlanded, Sir Homy made a 15-minute extempore address in his characteristic humorous way. He thanked the Mayor for recalling in detail his public record but regretted that the "obituary notice" was not more accurate. He did not expect any sense of accuracy in Mayors (Laughter). They were in certain respects very similar to each other. During his thirty years as corporator he had many unique experiences. As leader of the Progress Party—it had no constitution and when several disgruntled members left it it became a party without members—he and his friends were able to influence the Corporation. Several times he was chased out of the Corporation and once his "resourceful" wife smuggled him out through the backdoors. (Laughter). She had saved him from his "many indiscretions."

NO BAD BLOOD.

He had never made a single enemy in the Corporation. There was no bad blood created. It was this spirit which had animated the Corporation and made it the pride of the city. Ofcourse, there were some "sidelights".

He and Mr. S. K. Patil, Leader of the Congress Party, tried to "reform each other". But they failed, he having found Mr. Patil "tough" and the latter having discovered that the speaker was "thick-headed."

The Corporation was the best training ground for citizenship. Men who had entered it without any idea of public speaking had "blossomed" into debaters. Besides the fact that the Father of Indian Nationalism and the Father of Local Self-Government belonged to the Corporation, it had sent into public life several men of eminence.

"This Corporation has sent men to become Presidents of Legislatures and Ministers of the Crown. Now it has sent one to be a substitute Governor," he said amidst loud laughter. As an after-thought he added, "I forgot that we have also sent one or two to be convicts."

GREATEST JOKE

The Bombay Municipal Corporation, the Governor said, was the best self-governing institution in the country. Its importance was real in view of the fact that the Corporation, unlike the Legislature touched life at all points, in every conceivable direction. He reminded the Mayor with his "failing memory characteristic of mayors" that next year the Corporation was to celebrate its diamond jubilee and he had no doubt that every citizen would respond to the occasion with pride and enthusiasm.

He looked upon his days in the Corporation with the greatest pleasure though certain practices inside the Corporation Hall gave them food for thought. Voting for committees and sub-committees was the greatest "joke" there and he was surprised to find the floor so clean after all the broken promises strewn on it. (Laughter).

"For my part I have kept more than fifty per cent of my promises. That is a high average, I think," His Excellency said.

GESTURE TO MINORITY.

Sir Homy Mody ended by saying that his present office was a gesture by the first National Government of the country to a minority community. He was struggling to reply to the numerous congratulatory messages received by him. A four-page telegram, after paying eulogy to Sir Homy, concluded by thanking Providence "for crowning my persistent efforts to rise". (Loud laughter). Another telegram said that the ten days of his governorship "looked like ten years". (Renewed laughter).

Sir Homy and Lady Mody went round the Hall and chatted with the guests for some time.

Food Crisis In Madras

Paddy Price Must Be Increased

(By A South Indian Correspondent).

The Government of India quite recently allotted 5,000 tons of rice to this Province and frantic approaches have been made by the Provincial Government to the Governments of the United Provinces and the Hyderabad State to increase their allotment of pulses. The Prime Minister of Madras speaks of the next two months as very critical and exhorts the public to do everything to get over the impending crisis. He has issued an appeal to every M.L.A. to tour his constituency and induce the growers to part with their paddy. There is hardly any time to be lost, he says.

In one sense, indeed, there was any time to be lost, at least since about six months ago the rations were reduced from 12 to 10 to 8 ounces in Madras. The Minister of Food put the truth in blunt words when he said to a Madras audience sometime in July that "it is inhuman to expect any man to live on eight ounces of rice, which provides only about 800 calories as against a minimum of 2,800 required for an adult for a day." Germans in the British-occupied zone in Germany getting weak on 1,500 calories per day, supplemented by off-ration food ranging from 300 to 500 calories are the objects of much commiseration; and have indirectly helped in the present financial crisis in England. Yet on this inhuman ration of 800 calories the citizens of the southern province have been forced to subsist for months on end.

PLIGHT OF AGRICULTURISTS

There is not much optimism in Madras that the crisis will be overcome, or that moral exhortations out of relation to the realities will procure the foodgrains needed from the cultivator. There is much ignorance even in responsible quarters outside Madras as to real cause of the failure of the procurement drive in Madras. I have seen one newspaper in Bombay gravely warning the Government of Madras about upsetting an all-India arrangement regarding prices of food grains. The facile largeness of censure only shows lack of acquaintance with the problems of the province. And from correspondence in its own columns this newspaper might have seen why procurement is so largely a failure. When in April or May last the Food Member went down to Madras, the authorities pleaded with him for a rise in the price of paddy procured. The Food Member feared that it will only give a fillip to the vicious spiral of inflation. But he quite forgot that if the grower asks for a higher price, it is not that he wants to profiteer on the misery of the consumer but because the burden of inflation presses equally, if not in truth more heavily on him. Figures will make the position clearer. Rice of medium quality which was selling at Rs. 7 per imperial maund in 1942 was raised in price to Rs. 9 per maund in May 1947. During the same period the price of fodder rose from Re. 1 to Rs. 5 per 100 lbs. The cost of the simple iron implements which are so indispensable for the agriculturist has gone up three or four times. In regard to manure the position is if anything worse. Cattle manure is inadequate; for beyond the over-all deficiency of livestock decimated by the army demand for food, the manure is used as fuel. A wasteful method, sneers the townsman, commiserating the villager on his ignorance. If the Government is unable to provide wood for fuel and at reasonable prices. Chemical manures, even if we forget the fact that they do not suit all soils indiscriminately, are out of reach of the ryot's purse. Farm yard manure and compost made locally, against which there is a prejudice even these cost him. Then the most important factor in the agriculturists' economy, a pair of good working bullocks have risen in price from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,200; that is to say out of reach of the ryot in a province where holdings under 3 acres constitute the majority.

FATTENING THE FAT

Mr. V. C. Bellingiri Gounder, a Congressman of undoubted orthodoxy and presently a legislator, made bold to tell the Minister of Food at a conference of agriculturists in his district that the cultivator was not interested in producing foodgrains, the prices of which are controlled. He looks enviously at the fat profits of the grower of commercial crops. And the result of the present low prices is reflected in the mournful announcement by the Madras Minister for Revenue that cultivated ryotwari holdings actually decreased in 1945-46 by about 700,000 acres compared to the acreage in 1939-40. Such has been the result, paradoxically enough, of the Grow More Food Campaign. The English Commissioner of Civil Supplies in Madras announced that it will be some years more before the effects of the campaign could be seen. He was only glossing over the failure of the campaign. Much of it was a misdirection and only meant fattening the fat. National War Front campaigners recruiting agents and others on the soft side of the Sec. 93 Government were indiscriminately assigned lands. It was more a ramp than a campaign; and the cultivators were less than human if he would consent to slave for absentees, the lilies of the agricultural field, yet lolling away in the towns. It is up to the present Government of Madras to re-open the grants of lands under the Grow More Food Scheme and reallocate them to actual cultivators or cultivators' co-operative societies.

But above all the question of price is there and must be boldly tackled. The Central Government's price for paddy is less than a fair price. The Government of Madras, instead of boldly facing up to this fact and arguing with the Centre, tried to procure paddy by threats and penalties and a bonus. I notice that a Salsette correspondent has raised a voice of protest against the lowering in the prices of procurement of paddy in this province. It is easy to indulge in facile talk. It is true that the farmer should not sin against the community: but the community, the State should see that the farmer equally is not sinned against. Especially in the surplus districts of Madras, landlords and growers are faced with increased labour costs and the inflationary prices of the tools of their industry. These must be tackled resolutely.

SHONE FOR CALCUTTA

NEW DELHI, Sept. 15 (API).—The British High Commissioner, Sir Terence Shone and Lady Shone are flying to Calcutta tomorrow to meet the British community there. They are returning to Delhi on Thursday.

BELGIAN ENVOY TO INDIA

BRUSSELS, Sept. 15. (Reuter): Prince Eugene de Ligne, newly appointed first Belgian Ambassador to India, is leaving Brussels by air tonight for New Delhi accompanied by the new Embassy's Principal Secretary.

EXTERNMENT ORDER ON LAHIRI

NEW DELHI, Sept. 15. (A.P.I.): Mr. Asutosh Lahiri, General Secretary of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, has been served an order externing him from Delhi within 24 hours.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

CALCUTTA, Sept. 12.—On September 12 a century and-a-half old tradition was broken at Government House. For the first time in history, His Excellency, the members of his family, his staff and their families were regaled at night to a music performance in true Indian style by the well-known and talented blind singer of Bengal, Mr. K. C. Dey.

—A.P.I.

* * *

Apropos particularly of the Majlis Ittehadul-ul-Muslimin, the Nizam in a 'firman', warns "all classes of people" to "keep strictly within their limits."

But the issue in Hyderabad revolves on what are the various limits of all classes of people.

* * *

Reuter reports that the first Arab to act as Civil Affairs Officer in Tripolitania has taken up his post in the district of Sabratta where there is a population of some 7000 Arabs and Jews.

Then the Arab's appointment should forthwith be cancelled. Furthermore, the district of Sabratta should be immediately partitioned under the auspices of a U.N. Special Committee.

* * *

The Iranian Premier, Ghavam-es-Sultaneh, has declared that while his Government wanted mutual friendly relations with all powers, it would permit no interference in the country's internal affairs.

But what about dark but, of course, friendly warning to Iran by Power X against the dangerous consequences of "interference" by Power Y and so on and vice versa?

That had better be permitted. Or else.

* * *

Premier Ghavam also dismissed reports of an Anglo-Soviet agreement about Persia as "unbelievable".

There we agree.

In fact, any report of an Anglo-Soviet agreement about anything will be too good to be true, only one degree less too good than any report of US—USSR agreement on any subject.

* * *

The United States Secretary of State, Mr. George Marshall, has on the eve of the annual sessions of the U.N. General Assembly, described it as a "forum in which our disagreements must be resolved."

They will be resolved—into other and more serious disagreements.

* * *

U.N. Secretary-General Trygve Lie has warned the Great Powers of the dangers of delay in signing the major Peace Treaties.

If M. Trygve Lie persists in making Great Power Politics his own business, he will be dismissed without any Veto in his favour.

* * *

According to a Reuter's despatch from London, "a prolonged period of stagnation" in Europe was to end on Monday last by the coming into force of the peace treaties with Italy, Rumania, Hungary, Bulgaria and Finland.

To be followed by a prolonged period of dynamitism, sorry of—er—dynamism in Europe.

Italian Peace Treaty Ratified

High Commissioner For India Attends Ceremony

PARIS, Sept. 15 (Reuter).—Mr. Krishna Menon, High Commissioner for India in Britain, was among the Foreign Representatives who attended today's ratification of the Italian Peace Treaty by the four Allied Powers in the French Foreign Office.

The High Commissioner arrived in Paris yesterday specially to attend the ceremony and was to return to London tomorrow, it was announced officially.

Representatives of Britain, the United States, the Soviet Union and France signed copies of the treaty and the ceremony took less than three minutes.

Mr. Jefferson Caffery, the United States Ambassador to France, signed first, M. Alexander Bogomolov, Soviet Ambassador to France, next, Mr. Ashley Clarke, British Minister in Paris, representing the British Ambassador, next and the French Foreign Minister M. Georges Bidault last.

Following the signature of the treaty which becomes effective at midnight (GMT) tonight, M. Bidault shook hands and said: "This is the result of a long and tiring effort. It is my sincere hope that this will mark the entry into a long period of peace."

There were no representatives of the Italian Government at the signing, but Signor Pietro Quaroni, Italian Ambassador to France later signed minutes of the ceremony. Signor Quaroni made no direct statement about the treaty, but observers believed he indicated dissatisfaction when he commented: "I am glad the state of war is ended, but the treaty remains what it is."

INDIA'S NEED FOR A BIG NAVY

Capt. Nott Suggests Expansion For Securing Influence In Eastern Waters

BOMBAY, Monday.

Captain M. H. St. L. Nott, Chief of Staff, Naval Headquarters India, addressing a press conference at the Naval Headquarters this evening, said that India should have a navy big enough to exercise influence in the Eastern waters.

"We, in the Navy believe," Captain Nott said, "that India should have a more powerful navy than we had in the past".

He added that if India aspired to develop a mercantile navy, the progress of the navy must go hand in hand with it.

Referring to criticism in the press about the taking over of the H.S.M. "Achilles" from England the Captain remarked that though it was an old one, it was completely modernised and reconditioned. They could not afford to build new ships immediately.

TRAINING CENTRE AT VIZAGAPATAM

He revealed that they had tentatively decided to open a training centre at Vizagapatam. Four officers, he said would leave for England within a month to take special training in wireless and signalling. Three men were already receiving training at a Naval Engineering College in England. Six gunnery officers had also gone for specialisation.

"Due to the surgical operation of Partition, Captain Nott opined "the service was thoroughly unbalanced". Pakistan got about 4,800 men, while India 5,000. Pakistan had too many men for ships.

The Captain said that they had appointed two officers to collect information about navy personnel and their families in the Punjab. They were willing to give all possible help to bring refugees from Karachi.

Captain B. Soman, R.I.N. Chief of Personnel, told pressmen that they had stopped recruitment after Partition. It would be started from December 1 when necessary arrangements would be completed. They had submitted their plans to the Government and till the naval policy was chalked out they could not decide the number of new intakes".

Draft Of Marshall Aid-To-Europe Plan Ready

LONDON, Sept. 15. (Reuter: The Marshall aid-to-Europe programme drawn up in Paris by representatives of 16 nations will be ready for presentation to the participating Governments this week, United States Economic Under-Secretary William Clayton disclosed to-day.

Mr. Clayton, who arrived in London last Thursday after criticising the original programme as being "too much like a shopping list", told Reuter:

"I understand that the Executive Committee of the Conference have been hard at work and that their revised report is now almost ready."

Mr. Clayton to-day attended a 90-minute meeting, behind closed doors, of the Board of Governors of the International Bank at which the second annual report was adopted.

The Board of Governors of the international monetary fund took only 30 minutes to hear and approve "without question" their second annual report.

Communal Unity League For Madras

MADRAS, Sept. 15, (A.P.I.): A resolution calling for the formation of a Communal Unity League in Madras with branches all over the Province was adopted at a reception given to members of the city Congress Committee yesterday by the Madras Provincial Nationalist Muslim Majlis. A Committee with the Mayor of Madras and the Speaker of Madras Assembly on it was also formed to take necessary steps to preserve communal harmony in the Province.

COMMONWEALTH PREMIERS CONFERENCE AGENDA

LONDON, Sept. 15. (Reuter): British Commonwealth strategy and defence, the proposed Commonwealth Customs Union, and Commonwealth financial relationships generally will be discussed by the Commonwealth Prime Ministers when they gather in London in November for the Royal wedding of Princess Elizabeth, heir presumptive to the British throne, and Lieut. Philip Mountbatten.

Commonwealth countries, in the light of post-war strategy and the development of atomic energy, have already agreed to take a larger part in commonwealth defence in their own areas.

They may now discuss the assumption of further responsibility in order to ease some of Britain's burden of world defence which the British Government, it is believed, aims to cut financially and without prejudice to the strategic issues, by approximately 22 per cent.

ONE STABBED IN AHMEDABAD

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 15, (A.P.I.): One more incident of stabbing occurred at midnight bringing the total number of last night's stabbing incidents to three, one of whom later died in Hospital.

About a dozen persons have been rounded up today morning and armed police pickets have been posted at strategic points.

Mr. N. K. Bharatiya, Managing Director, Free India General Insurance Co., Ltd., Cawnpore, who left for France to attend the International Marine Insurance Conference at Cannes, France, as delegate representing Federation of Indian Insurance Companies.

Students' Day In Hyderabad

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Sept. 15. (A. P. I.): Defying the Hyderabad Government's existing orders that no flag other than that of the Etate should be ceremoniously hoisted in public, about 600 students to-day gathered on an open space in Kishen Ganj area of the city and hoisted the Indian Union flag.

The students of Hyderabad were to-day observing the "Hyderabad Day" in pursuance of an appeal made by the All-India Students Congress. At the Kishen Ganj meeting, resolutions were passed reiterating the demands for Hyderabad joining the Indian Union and formation of responsible Government in the State.

After the meeting, the students took out a procession and had proceeded only a short distance when the Police stopped them with trained guns. This resulted in the students dispersing in different directions. The Police made a lathi charge in which several students were injured, three seriously.

Sultan Bazar, Gowliguda and certain other localities were cordoned off by the Police from early morning till about noon. Armed reserve police were posted near all educational institutions.

Hindu students of all schools and colleges, including Osmania University, abstained from attending classes to-day.

"Six persons were killed and three others were injured when the Police opened fire on a crowd of villagers in Galepally in Karim Nagar District recently" according to a press note, issued by the Nizam's Government to-day."

STUDENTS' CONGRESS PRESIDENT ARRESTED

BANGALORE, Sept. 15 (API).—Mr. Ravindra Varma, President of the All-India Students Congress, was arrested in Bangalore today. Mr. Varma was taken into custody along with thirteen of his companions as they arrived here by train from Madras this evening. Mr. Varma had come to participate in the Mysore State Congress Satyagraha which is today fifteen days old.

In Mysore city, two Jathas offered Satyagraha today. The first jatha of 60 entered the city in disguise, went in procession for a distance and offered Satyagraha by squatting in Devraj Market Square. The second Jatha offered Satyagraha a little later. Both batches were taken into custody by the police. Some of them were later released.

There was no incident in the afternoon. The curfew has been extended by another 24 hours from Tuesday in the vicinity of the palace.

ATTEMPT TO SETTLE MYSORE RLY. STRIKE

BANGALORE, Sept. 15. (A.P.I.): Attempts to settle the Mysore State Railway Strike continued today. Representatives of the Mysore State Railway Employees' Association and the Labour Commissioner to the Mysore Government held discussions but came to no conclusion. The talks, it is stated, will be continued tomorrow. Meanwhile, the Railway is idle.

CHUNDRIGAR FOR RULES OF PROCEDURE COMMITTEE

KARACHI, Sept. 15, (A.P.I.): Mr. I. I. Chundrigar, Commerce Minister of the Pakistan Government, has been appointed as Chairman of the Rules of Procedure Committee of the Pakistan Constituent Assembly, it was authoritatively learned.

The Committee will frame the Rules for the Assembly and is likely to meet here towards the end of this month

FIRST BATCH OF INDIAN TROOPS IN JAPAN RETURN HOME

MADRAS, Sept. 15, (A.P.I.): The first batch of Indian troops who formed part of the Commonwealth Occupation Forces in Japan arrived in Madras yesterday by H. M. S. "Devonshire". About 500 officers and men of the First Maharatta Light Infantry, included in this batch, left last night for Deolali.

ZAFRULLAH'S ALLEGATIONS

LONDON, Sept. 14. (Reuter): Sir M. Zafrullah Khan, Pakistan representative to the United Nations General Assembly, said on arrival at London airport tonight from Karachi that rioting seemed to be a determined effort to wipe out the Muslim population of East Punjab.

"It seems to be within a very short distance of being achieved. If the Indian Government does not take any steps to stop what appears to be a war for the existence of a community then the matter may have to be taken up at an international level", he said.

Evacuees Under Army Escorts

NEW DELHI, Sept. 15. (A.P.I.): A military spokesman stated to-day: "There has been no appreciable increase in the disturbances in the Punjab. Attacks on convoys and on villages are reported but vigorous action by the Indian Armed Forces has thwarted many attacks and saved refugees lives"

In East Punjab large columns of west-bound evacuees are on the move under army protective escorts which include tanks. Similarly, Indian Army Liaison Officers reported that long columns of evacuees marching east are approaching the Indian frontier. Indian Army troops have been sent to the West Punjab, according to the mutual agreement between the two Dominion Governments to escort them to the Indian Union.

Intensive patrolling continues in Simla and 15 arrests have been made. Five people were killed and 20 injured in a bomb explosion and from four isolated incidents in Ambala, refugees moving to a camp in Mobarakpur were attacked and suffered casualties.

STORIES CREATE TENSION.

In Amritsar and the Indian portion of Gurdaspur District, a train brought refugees from Lahore, whose condition and stories created tension. Troops opened fire to restore order. A west bound refugee train was derailed near the Khalsa College but moved later to Lahore.

Rohtak city is quiet but tension is growing in Sonepat. Reinforcements have been sent there. Chandi village was attacked by a mob out troops dispersed it by fire, killing ten and wounding 50. Thirty-two were arrested.

The Karnal-Kalthai Road is declared dangerous for travel. Some cases of arson are reported. Military action was taken to disperse a mob which surrounded a village.

Large-scale movement of refugees has begun in Hoshiarpur and Jullundur.

Two refugee trains were attacked. Troops dispersed the crowd in both instances, killing five and wounding 13.

Ferozepur District is reported to be quiet generally but a few stray incidents occurred.

Refugees attacked a village in Ludhiana with fire arms, killing two people.

The situation in Gurdaspur has much improved and the static guard has been withdrawn from the city.

ATTACK ON REFUGEES.

Reports from West Punjab show that an attack on refugees was made at Kallwal and was beaten off by the West Punjab Additional Police. Casualties are not known. Two hundred abducted women and children were rescued by a military patrol.

No news is available from Gujranwala and Multan.

Large-scale move of refugees has begun in Lyallpur and Montgomery.

In Sheikhupura, persons returning from Nankana Saheb were attacked. Eight people were killed and one wounded.

In the North-West Frontier Province, There was an attack by local inhabitants near Pebbi on a military convoy resulting in a few casualties on both sides.

On the military side, nine received slight gunshot wounds while three of the mob were killed.

The casualties in Peshawar since the trouble began are estimated at under 250. Some damage has been done to property.

The situation in the city remained practically normal today. Only three cases of arson took place and were promptly brought under control.

Troops opened fire in the Sadar Bazar, Paharganj and Bahadurgarh Road areas in the 24 hours ending 6 a.m. today a military spokesman said that patrols were fired on more than once but the number of casualties inflicted by the patrols was not known.

"The situation in Delhi is definitely improving", said Mr. C. H. Bhabha, presiding over the Delhi Emergency Committee today.

Intensive searches for unlicensed arms have been carried out in the Faiz Bazar Area and the authorities are taking suitable action elsewhere.

A vigorous all-out effort will be made from today onwards to remove all the garbage, rotting corpses and carcases.

Old Delhi was generally quiet last night for the third successive night. The Police and the Military patrolled the streets in heavy rain and their presence in the areas which had been disturbed during the day did much to restore confidence.

A Dakota Plane will reach Quetta on the morning of September 18 for evacuation of Government personnel, their families and other persons. Major P. S. Ahluwalia of the office of the Chief Engineer, Military Engineering Services will co-ordinate movement and inform all concerned.

POLICE OFFICIAL'S HOUSE SEARCH.

LAHORE, Sept. 15. (A. P. I.): The houses of a sub-inspector and an assistant sub-inspector of police were searched in Lahore in connection with the police drive for recovery of looted property.

Among other things five guns, three pistols and 143 cartridges were recovered from the sub-inspector's House and one gun from the assistant sub-inspector's house.

In a village in Multan District, the Police injured one suspected looter by firing and arrested 40 persons. Recoveries have also been made in the villages of Montgomery, Lyallpur and Gujrat District.

It is officially stated that "from the point of view of law and order, normal conditions prevail throughout the province."

The area in the vicinity of the Indo-Pakistan border on the section between Lahore and Amritsar remains disturbed, says a Press Note issued by the N.-W. Railway today.

The restrictions on goods traffic over the N.-W. Railway and via E. P. Railway stations, as formerly notified, still remain in force, while the coal position on the N.-W. Railway is unchanged.

Six refugee specials were run yesterday. Eight train services have been arranged to be run on different sections for today.

BOMB FACTORY UNEARTHED IN KARACHI.

KARACHI, Sept. 15. (U. P. I.): The Karachi police claim to have unearthed a bomb factory and seized five bombs, hand grenades, tomy guns and other arms and ammunitions. Twenty-five persons believed to be members of a particular volunteer organisation were arrested in this connection.

It may be recalled that a bomb exploded a few days ago at Khikarpuri killing two persons who were, it was reported, engaged in the manufacture of bombs. The explosion was terrific and the thick wall of the house was blown out. Following this incident the police searched nearly hundred houses which resulted in the above discovery of bombs and other weapons.

The first three special trains carrying 14,000 meos are reported to have reached Pakistan safely without any incidents. Two more trains left yesterday and more are being arranged. Strong military escort is being provided in each train.

Mr. Sri Prakasa, High Commissioner for India in Pakistan, is leaving Delhi by plane tomorrow (Tuesday) morning and will reach Karachi about noon.

SEVEN KNIFE ATTACKS IN BOMBAY

BOMBAY, Monday.—"Seven stabbing incidents were reported in Bombay City on Monday from Nagpada, Pydhonie, Dongri and Maharbouri areas", says a press note issued by the Director of Publicity, Bombay at 10 p.m. today.

The Press note adds: "Four of the victims succumbed to their injuries. Altogether 34 persons have been arrested in connection with three of these incidents.

"Three persons were injured when an explosive burst in Parel.

"The timely arrival of the Police prevented a clash between two rival groups at Pydhonie on Monday afternoon."

BOMBAY MEMORIAL TO DR. PILLAY

"Indian Revolutionary Who Died An Exile In Germany"

BOMBAY, Monday.

Glowing tributes to the work of the late Dr. Champak Raman Pillai, the Indian revolutionary who died an exile in Germany, were paid by several speakers at a public meeting held today under the auspices of the Keraleeya Samaj on the occasion of his birthday celebration, at Sunderbai Hall.

Sjt. S. K. Patil, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, presided.

The proceeding started with garlanding of the photo of Dr. Pillai. Sjt. Patil in the course of his presidential address said that when the country became independent, it was not possible to forget those who helped to achieve it. Dr. Pillai, he continued, was one of the very few revolutionaries who really carried the torch of freedom in other countries. He was convinced that if Dr. Pillai had lived longer he would have done more for the country.

"In the hour of victory some of us are likely to imagine, that those who live at the time of attainment of independence are only to be counted. Of course they are lucky to see the achievement of independence. But we must not forget the great sacrifices of hundreds of people who brought this day. Dr. Pillai was such a person", said Sjt. Patil.

J. K. Mehta, told how he came into contact with Dr. Pillai at Berlin and the work he carried on in Germany.

He made Hitler to apologise for a remark he made about India.

Dr. Mulabagala and Sjt. K. S. Ramachandra Iyer also spoke.

A resolution, agreeing to raise a suitable memorial to commemorate the name of Dr. Pillai was passed at the meeting. A Committee with Sjt. S. K. Patil as President was appointed for the purpose.

Mr. Mangaldas V. Desai, the new Judge of the Bombay High Court, who took his seat on the Bench on Monday.

CHEMBUR MURDER CASE SUSPECTS DISCHARGED

Magistrate Disbelieves Evidence Of Prosecution Witness

BOMBAY, Monday.

Judgment was delivered to-day in the famous Chembur Murder Case in which Ramnath Kedia, a wealthy Marwadi youth was done to death on December 8, 1945.

Mr. K. C. Thakore, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Police Court, before whom the suspects, Laluram Maniram and Bhagwati Prashad Shukla were being tried for alleged murder, disbelieved the prosecution evidence and discharged them.

PROSECUTION STORY.

The prosecution story, as narrated by the only eye witness, Shantibai Sohanlal, was that on the day of the alleged murder, she was forced to go with the two suspects, Ramnath Kedia, the deceased, one Thakur and another person whom she described as a "fat Marwadi", in a motor car. The deceased drove the car. The car was stopped on the way and one of the suspects got out of it and brought liquor and soda. The witness stated that all except herself took the drink. The party then went to Juhu Chowpatty where the fat Marwadi is alleged to have made certain proposals to the witness but the deceased Ramnath objected to this because, according to Shantidevi, he himself wanted to do so. The deceased took the witness to a lonely place in the sands where he had carnal relationship with her. After their return to the waiting car, Shantidevi stated, the fat Marwadi made overtures to her but she refused saying that she was in the advanced stage of pregnancy.

Suspect Laluram then demanded money from the deceased. The deceased promised to pay later on as he had no cash in his pocket. Suspect Laluram insisted and asked the deceased to pay immediately. Upon this the deceased gave his diamond ring to Shantidevi out this did not satisfy the suspect and a quarrel took place in which according to Shantidevi, the suspect Bhagwati Prashad and the fat Marwadi also joined suspect Laluram. Suspect Bhagwati Prashad, it was alleged took out a big knife from his pocket and gave it to suspect Laluram who stabbed the deceased.

Shantidevi further stated that the party then lifted the deceased and put him in the car which suspect Laluram drove.

BLOOD MARKS ON CLOTHES.

Shantidevi stated it was mid-night and she was left at Sion by the party. After about two hours suspect Laluram returned to the place of Shantidevi with Rs. 150. His clothes were full of blood marks. He asked Shantidevi to wash and remove the blood marks but she could not do so.

After a week, Shantidevi gave birth to a male child in a hospital wherefrom she was taken by one Kisan to her mother's place and then to Deolali where she was traced by the police and on the information supplied by her the suspects were arrested.

Disbelieving the story of the prosecution witness, the Magistrate observed that it was not a case of murder of a man over a petty quarrel for money but it appeared to be a case of deliberate and planned murder for the sake of revenge as the body of the deceased had not less than 35 serious stab wounds. It was also clear from the presence of blood marks in the car and some damage to it, that the murder was committed in the car.

DIFFERENT STATEMENTS OF WITNESS.

Dealing with the evidence of Shantidevi, the Magistrate observed that this witness had made different statements at different times, before the police, the Coroner and the Court and she had changed her story from time to time as it suited her purpose. Her story was unbelievable and false, the Magistrate observed, and gave the benefit of the doubt to the suspects.

In concluding his judgment, the Magistrate added that there was much force in the contentions raised from time to time in the course of inquiries by the Advocate appearing for the suspects that the police did not follow the right course of investigation. To start with they omitted to do and consider so many things which they ought to have done, taking serious notice of it, and did not put proper heart in their work with the result that they had to succumb to the tactics of designing persons who were instrumental in getting up a false and mysterious witness like Shantidevi. The most heinous crime in the city of Bombay remained undetected.

"BECOME FULL CITIZENS OF INDIA"

(Continued from Page 1.)

ing for special privileges was something which made one pause and think. What could be the separate interests of a minority, whether Muslims or others, in the Union of India? Their interests must be common. They were all children of the same soil. They should have common education. If there had been a separate culture, they should now set out to evolve common culture. It is true the Constituent Assembly had assured protection to the smallest minorities. But when they demanded separate electorates they had been rightly rebuked. "Those who remain in this country must make up their minds to be of this country" Mr. Kher said:

"There will be schools but they will be for all. All children are children of India not Hindu or Muslim children. We do not want to raise a spectre of communalism and internecine strife again in this country leading to further division.

Addressing Muslims he said "You are a part of us or you are not. If you are, you must share with us our joys and sorrows, our hardships and our privileges. If you are not a part of us I am sorry for you". A great change had come over India, he continued. They must learn to adapt themselves to that change. If they regarded themselves as Indians it would be in the interests of their own progress that they should learn to mix with the rest of the people, learn their language and become a part of them. There was no other alternative.

Mr. Kher was repeatedly cheered during his speech.

The resolution was lost.

MRS. TYABJI'S RESOLUTION.

The Bombay Assembly to-day debated the non-official resolution of Mrs. Shafi Tyabji, which had been partly discussed during the last session of the Assembly in Bombay.

Supporting the resolution, Mr. A. A. Khan, Leader of the Opposition, said that the acceptance of the resolution by the Government would not necessarily lead to separatist tendencies. The Government, he said, encouraged opening of primary Urdu schools and gave them grants. A step which they would not have taken if they believed if it would lead to encouragement of 'separatist tendencies'.

Mr. Khan considered it the duty of the Government to provide facilities for every section of people in the Province, over whom the ruled, for educational advancement and said that if a substantial portion of the population remained educationally backward it would prove a drag on the advancement of the Province in general.

The language of the Province was not one, Mr. Khan said, and educational facilities had been provided in the three regional languages of the Province. He asked whether it would be wrong for educational facilities to be demanded by a section which spoke in a fourth language and whether it would necessarily lead to separatist tendencies.

The resolution was commended for the acceptance of the House by other members of the Muslim League Party, including Mr. M. A. Bhaiji, Mr. K. B. Khazi, and Mr. M. U. Rajab.

NO SECTARIAN VIEWS.

Mrs. Tyabji, replying to the debate, said that it was not correct to say that in moving the resolution she was agitated by any narrow sectarian views. Her main object in asking for separate schools was to preserve the rich virile Muslim culture to which India and the world were indebted. She referred to the Objectives Resolution of the Constituent Assembly guaranteeing protection of the social and cultural rights of minorities and said that by voting for the resolution they would have shown that they wished to safeguard these rights.

Mr. R. S. Hukerikar, opposing the resolution, said that the principle of the resolution was wrong as it encouraged separatist tendencies. He said the Provincial Government would undoubtedly make adequate provisions for the primary education of the people in the Province but the minorities could not rightfully claim special facilities for secondary, higher and technical education.

Mrs. Leelavati Munshi said she would have been happy to support the resolution if it had demanded facilities for girls of all classes, but she could not vote for a resolution which demanded special privileges for a particular community.

Miss Indumati Chimanlal, Parliamentary Secretary, opposed the resolution and said that Government could not be expected to provide special facilities for a particular section for secondary and higher education.

PRIME MINISTER'S REPLY

The Prime Minister, Mr. B. G. Kher, said that he opposed the resolution, firstly, because secondary educaion had not been accepted accepted as complete responsibility by his Government—not because it was not important but because they considered it first necessary to give the large masses of the country the rudiments of sound primary education. That was why the Government had placed before the House a scheme for universal and compulsory primary education.

The Government, Mr. Kher said, did not wish to open new high schools whether for one community or another. In fact, he wondered if Government should at all continue to support the existing sectional institutions.

Quoting figures, the Prime Minister said, the Muslims who were classed with the Intermediate Classes were much better off in the matter of education, compared with the Intermediate Hindus, and said nobody could accuse the Government of having neglected the interests of the Muslim community. He said even in Sind no special arrangements for Muslim girls high schools with hostels attached were made.

Referring to the vast changes that had come over the country since the Assembly met last, Mr. Kher said that it would have been graceful if the resolution and others of that type were not pressed before the House.

REPEAL OF FOOD CROPS ACT

Prof. K. P. Kuvelni moved a resolution recommending to the Government to pay the tuition fees of all teachers deputed to teachers training colleges and to refund the fees to those teachers who had already paid it. But he withdrew it after the Premier, Mr. B. G. Kher, had given an assurance to the House that the Government paid the tuition fees of all teachers who were deputed to training colleges.

Mr. Ahmed A. Patel, a Muslim League Member, then moved a resolution recommending to the Government to repeal the Bombay Growth of Food Crops Act, 1944, "the enforcement of which has resulted in the failure of the policy of the 'Grow-More-Food Campaign' and to move the Government of India to implement the policy of subsidising agriculturists for growing foodgrains."

Mr. Patel said that there was a decrease in the growth of foodgrains in the Province, although there was an increase in the acreage of cultivation. He dwelt at length on the causes of the steady decline on the grow of cereals in the Province and said that unless the Government took prompt measures now the agricultural problem would assume serious proportion in the near future. Owing to lack of manures and unscientific methods of cultivation adopted by the agriculturists, the yield of foodgrains in India was the lowest compared with other countries. He therefore commended his resolution to the House "with a view to meet the urgent food situation."

At this stage, the House adjourned till tomorrow.

D. F. Karaka

Off My Chest

SOCIAL & PERSONAL

GANESHKHIND, Sept. 14.

H.E. the Governor attended a meeting of the Poona Races.

H.E. the Governor lost as usual.

H.E. the Governor later attended a dance at the Royal Western India Turf Club where he indulged in a game of skill familiarly known as uridge.

H.E. the Governor lost as usual.

Mrs. Vakeel & Miss Mody arrived.

Mrs. Vakeel & Miss Mody left.

Lady Mody visited Mrs. Dubash at Dostmahomed Road, Koregaon Park (Telephone number in Directory).

Mrs. Dubash presumably will return the call.

H.E. the Governor received Prof. A. S. Wadia, the educationist.

H.E. the Governor has consented to write the preface to Professor Wadia's next book, "From Pherozeshah Mehta to Mody", a treatise on road-building.

H.E. the Governor has started work on his own book, "I've shed my beers" —a treatise on canals.

Lady Mody held a rummy party at Ganeshkhind to which Mrs. Vakeel, Mrs. Dubash and Mrs. Mody had the honour to be invited.

Mrs. Vakeel was dealt the joker.

Mr. A. R. Billimoria, Professor of English Language and Literature of the Great Eastern University, has arrived.

Mr. A. R. Billimoria has left.

The Hon. Sir Leonard Stone and Lady Stone, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. D. Tata, Mr. and Mrs. M. N. Dalal have arrived.

They all played bridge.

H.E. the Governor received the Prime Minister and discussed with him the plight of the Parsis.

(With apologies to the "Times of India" of several painful days).

* * *

After reading this sort of nonsense for the last few days, I feel that some sort of directive should be issued at high levels to stop this rot.

If Government Houses in a Free India have no other activity to report, they should be asked to remain silent. But it is painful to see that in the week in which communal rioting took such a heavy toll of lives in several parts of India, our Government Houses should publish such absurd official news-items about their activity.

A marked lack of discretion is noticeable and someone handing out despatches like these should be severely reprimanded.

We made fun of all this during the days of the British. We should certainly mend it now.

* * *

Overheard on Jewish New Year (yesterday):

First Jew: "Will you have a drink with me, Mike?"

Second Jew: "Yes, but first you tell me who pays."

Flare Up In Trieste

TRIESTE, Sept. 15, (U.P.A.): Mob violence broke out here on the formal birthday of the Free Territory of Trieste. Bands of hoodlums chased American newsmen and stoned, kicked and stripped Britons.

It was a birthday boding ill for the future of the free zone which, Italian before the War, was claimed by Yugoslavia and internationalized as a compromise. Mobs massed in some strength in the centre of Trieste and fighting broke out at several points as Italian-Slovene animosity flared. Street cars and buses were halted and several were damaged.

Preliminary police reports said a number of persons were injured but no one was arrested.

Trouble began soon after mass at San Gusto Cathedral when a gang of Italians attacked a couple reading a Communist newspaper despite their assertions, which were later confirmed, that they were British.

GOODS TRAIN DERAILED ON M. S. M. RLY.

Main Line Blocked: Passengers Transhipped

MADRAS, Sept. 15. (A. P. I.): Fourteen wagons of a goods train proceeding from Jalarpet to Bangalore on the M. S. M. Railway derailed in the early hours of this morning near Patchur station, as a result of which the permanent way track was damaged causing obstruction to the main line.

The cause of the derailment is not known. Arrangements have been made for transhipment of passengers at the place of the accident.

FOOD SHORTAGE.

Dr. T. S. S. Rajan, Food Minister, Madras, reviewing the food situation in the Province in the Madras Assembly today stated that if a breakdown and possibly starvation were to be averted it was imperative that the Province must raise from its own resources 2,58,000 tons of rice in addition to its present stock of about 180,000 tons.

Punjab League Demands

Fortification Of Border

And Immediate Evacuation Of E. Punjab Muslims

LAHORE, Sept. 14 (API): The immediate evacuation of Muslims in the East Punjab was demanded at an emergent meeting of the Punjab Muslim League Council held in Lahore today. Sheikh Sadiq Hassan, M.L.A. Vice-President of the Punjab Muslim League presided.

Maulana Daood Ghaznavi moving the resolution strongly condemned the happenings in the East Punjab and called upon the West Punjab Government to make every effort to effect the immediate evacuation of Muslims in the Jullundar and Ambala divisions.

The resolution demanded that the Muslim refugees should be brought to the West Punjab in trains manned by Muslim drivers and guards and under strong Muslim military escorts. The refugee trains should be provided with proper catering arrangements, and separate ladies compartments. The resolution also demanded that foot-convoys should be escorted by a strong detachment of the military. The meeting expressed its deep sympathy for those who have suffered in the disturbances and assured their "Muslim brethren in the East Punjab that they would spare no pains for their relief and rehabilitation".

By another resolution the meeting demanded the immediate fortification of the Pakistan India border and compulsory military training for every Muslim youth in Pakistan. The resolution suggested that the military training centres should first be set up in the Indo-Pakistan border region.

Malik Feroze Khan Noon supporting the resolution stated that if Muslims did not wake up to the realities of the situation forthwith Pakistan might not live long. He stressed the urgent need for making Pakistan a powerful state by expanding the army and by setting up ammunition factories.

Begum Shah Nawaz demanded compulsory military training for Muslim women as well as men in Pakistan.

The meeting also passed a resolution calling for the expansion of the West Punjab Cabinet and appoint a separate Minister for refugee work.

Bihar Will Shelter 10,000 Refugees

Sinha Promises All Help To Alleviate Their Sufferings

CALCUTTA, Sept. 14 (API): In a broadcast from Calcutta Station of All India Radio, last evening, Mr. Sri Krishna Sinha, Premier of Bihar said that Bihar and Bengal were so near each other and there were so many additional ties between them that the happenings in one were bound to have more than usual repercussion in the other. They in Bihar were thankful to Mahatma Gandhi for what he had done for communal harmony in Bihar and also for what he had done in Calcutta. By saving Calcutta and then Bengal Mahatma Gandhi had saved Bihar from the evil consequences which might have otherwise ensued.

It was unfortunate that terrible things continued to happen in the Punjab even now. The tales of sorrow and woe that emanated from there sometimes in an exaggerated form were having an unsettling effect on other parts of India. His Government had made all possible arrangements to preserve peace and was determined to meet any eventuality that might arise. He acknowledged the sympathy and support of the right-thinking section of the people which the Government had received. In the interest of peace in other parts of India it was necessary that the strife and internecine warfare in the Punjab should come to an end soon. They were determined to give protection to the minorities in their province.

The Premier added that refugees in large numbers from the north-west had begun to pour into Bihar. District officers had been instructed to put themselves into contact with them and look to their comforts. Private organisations for relief had also sprung up and local officers had been asked to enlist their co-operation. On being asked by the Government of India they had undertaken to take charge of 10,000 refugees and arrangements were being made for their accommodation. The Government of Bihar would not fail to do all that was possible to alleviate their sufferings and render them help.

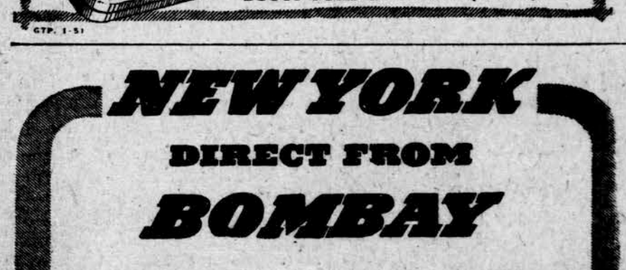
Of the food position in Bihar, Mr. Sinha said that it was not satisfactory and they were sure to face a difficult situation unless the people and the Government of all the different provinces made a determined effort to speed up production specially of foodstuffs and came to one another's help. With people engaged in nefarious fratricidal warfare and the Governments occupied in the work of quelling the disturbances such a determined effort was not possible. A failure to solve the problem of food and other essential supplies might create a situation which might threaten them with extinction and put at an end to all their dreams about the future.

ACCOMMODATION IN LAHORE

LAHORE, Sept. 14. (API): Fifty thousand more East Punjab refugees would be provided housing accommodation for resettlement in Lahore during the next ten days, Mr. Zafrul Ahsan, the District Magistrate, told the Associated Press of India tonight.

Mr. Zafrul Ahsan said houses would be allotted to refugee members of the business and professional classes from Jullundur Gurdaspur, Hoshiarpur, Khangra and Ambala districts who had not received their due share in earlier allotments.

The District Magistrate revealed that he had taken stringent measures "with considerable success" to check ticketless travelling from Lahore railway station.


Soothe that sore throat pleasantly with —
COMPOUND GLYCERIN OF THYMOL PASTILLES
YOUR CHEMIST STOCKS THEM
Boots
THE SIGN OF FINE PHARMACEUTICALS
BOOTS PURE DRUG CO. (INDIA) LTD
GTP. 1-51

NEW YORK
DIRECT FROM
BOMBAY

With our increased services we are now able to offer IMMEDIATE bookings for passengers from BOMBAY direct to the MIDDLE EAST, EUROPE and AMERICA.

'SKYCARGO'

TWA's 'ALL CARGO' Starliner "Bombay Merchant" leaves Bombay each week. Send your parcels and freight by 'SKYCARGO'. Full particulars from our general agents in India 'AIR INDIA LIMITED'—The Tata Line, or from any authorised travel agency.

TWA
TRANS WORLD AIRLINE
(Incorporated with Limited Liability in the U. S. of America)

2 Killed In Hyderabad Firing

HYDERABAD, (Dn.), Sept. 14. (A.P.I.): Two persons were killed and several others were injured as a result of police firing in Ladsavangi, according to Hyderabad State Congress bulletin today.

The bulletin has made allegations against the "conduct of the police" and said that a local doctor was beaten by the police who searched some houses in the village. lathi charged the villagers and ultimately opened fire while dispersing a mob, killing two and injuring several others.

Sixteen satyagrahis were arrested at Ghonsi in Udgir Taluq and 16 others were arrested at Gudasur, the bulletin said and added that 10 persons were arrested at Bhalki. Eighteen persons were arrested at Sadashivapath. Two persons were arrested at Purna on suspicion that they distributed pamphlets and circulars of the State Congress.

STUDENTS STRIKE

The students of Aurangabad College and other schools went on strike on September 11 in sympathy with the students of Hyderabad and as a protest against the "Police action".

Four satyagrahis were sentenced to 11 month's imprisonment at Kadothan in Taluk Paithan. Six persons were arrested at Talakal district Koppal, the bulletin reported.

HYDERABAD ASSEMBLY

The Hyderabad Legislative Assembly today continued general discussion on the budget and will have sitting at night for the first time to finish the debate.

One of the two women members of the Assembly Mrs. Premlata Gupta referring to the budget proposals strongly complained against inadequate medical aid provided for women and children in the dominion and asked for larger grants for this purpose. She criticised the conditions of hospitals generally and said that there was only one hospital for women in the city when at least four were needed for meeting the requirements of women.

She also criticised the lack of maternity facilities in the dominions.

Begum Abdul Hafeez the other woman member pleaded for the introduction of prohibition and drew the attention of the Government to the need of removing illiteracy among the masses.

Other members criticised the taxation proposals.

Muslim Refugees Arrive In Karachi

KARACHI, Sept. 14. (A. P. I.): About 1,653 Muslim refugees from the Indian Union arrived in Karachi by the B. I. S. N. steamer. Z. Z. Ekma, today. The steamer will return on Tuesday to Bombay carrying a similar number of non-Muslim refugees from Karachi.

YORK CARRIES RECORD NUMBER OF REFUGEES

KARACHI, Sept. 14 (API.) Seventy-four passengers and four crew in a York was a record established by one of the B. O. A. C. yorks participating in the chartered "Operation Pakistan" today. With all the usual upholstery and fittings removed the aircraft flew from Delhi with seventyfour Muslim evacuees squatting on the mattressess on the floor.

The aircraft landed at the Karachi airport at nine p.m. today.

Indian Provincial M.L.A..'s And Pakistan Legislatures

NEW DELHI, Sept. 14 (API).—No person shall be a member both of a Provincial Legislature in India and of a Legislature whether Central or Provincial in Pakistan. Any person who is a member of a Provincial Legislature in India and also of a Pakistan Legislature must resign from the Pakistan Legislature before September 15, if he wishes to continue as a member of an Indian Provincial Legislature.

This is announced under the authority of the India Provisional Sonstitution and Provincial Legislatures (Amendment) Order 1947 issued by the Governor-General under Sec. 9 of the Indian Independence Act 1947.

Following is the text of the order.

"No person shall be a member both of a Provincial Legislature in India and of a Legislature, whether Central or Provincial, in Pakistan.

If a person who is a member of a Provincial Legislature in India has been, or hereafter is, chosen as a member of a Legislature in Pakistan then, at the expiration of one month from the appointed day or the date on which he is so chosen, whichever is later, his seat in the Provincial Legislature in India shall become vacant unless he has previously resigned his seat in the Legislature in Pakistan.

RAILWAYMEN'S FEDERATION TO MEET ON SEPT. 30

BOMBAY, Sept. 13 (A.P.I.): Mr. S. Guruswamy, General Secretary of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation, announce that a meeting of the general council of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation will be held at Nagpur on September 30 to consider the reply of the Government of India to the minimum demands put forward by the Federation in the resolution of the General Council on August 4.

NANDA ADVISES ABANDONMENT OF Strike That Would Make 2,50,000 Workers Idle

Government Prepared To Help

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The imperative obligation of the workers to avoid complete stoppage in industry that would cause a serious fall in production affect the largest interests of the vast majority of workers and threaten the peace of the city during the present disturbed days, was emphasised by Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Minister for Labour this afternoon to a deputation of the Central Committee of the drawers in cotton of the textile mills in Bombay city.

The interview followed a letter which the Committee had addressed to the Minister intimating the decision of the drawers-in "not to attend the mills from 23rd September till their demands were met" and requesting his intervention. The Minister pointed out that this decision of 3,500 drawers-in would impair the interests of 2,50,000 workers and the textile industry in general.

SERIOUS INJUSTICE

The deputation contended that serious injustice had been done to the drawers-in by the award of the Arbitration Court, appointed by Government, in fixing the average wages of certain piece workers including the drawers, and that as a result the drawers would get less than what they were receiving hitherto. The deputation pointed out that while they had originally asked for 72 pies per 1,000 ends they had brought down their demand to 48 pies as a compromise and complained that the Ad Hoc Standardisation Committee had despite this, recommended only 46 pies.

The Minister explained that he could not go into the details of the case as he had no locus standi in the matter which was before the Industrial Court. He drew the attention of the deputation to the fact that there was still time for them to present their grievances to the Court before it passed orders on the recommendations of the 'Ad Hoc' Committee. He further pointed out that even according to their contention, the differences in earnings on the basis of 48 and 46 pies respectively would be about 1-24th of the average earnings and therefore even if the drawers had a good case on merits, it was wrong to jeopardise the peace of the city and interests of more than 95 per cent of the total textile workers.

HELP OFFERED

He assured the deputation that if there were any legal means by which the drawers could be assisted he would be the first person to employ such means. He added that he would arrange for a thorough investigation of comparative statistics of wages carried under the award and prior to the award so that when the occasion arose for a revision the workers' case would not go by default.

He mentioned that among other things the setting of wage boards was under active consideration.

The workers, the Minister continued, should help preserve the sanctity of the award. Government, he said, could not upset the award. But, he assured them if the drawers co-operated in the working of the award in a peaceful manner, Government would lend its good offices to assist them to better their wages. He therefore, urged the deputation to place these facts before the drawers-in and advise them to rescind their decision.

The Minister emphasised the dangerously disturbed conditions in the country, which did not permit further complications that would worsen the situation. It was the primary duty of Government, he added, to protect the lives and property of the population, and preserve peace in the city.

It was also the duty of law-abiding citizens, he declared, to see that law and order was maintained, that production was not jeopardised in the present difficult days, that the sanctity of awards was protected and that workers and the industry did not suffer by such precipitate decisions.

Concluding, the Minister reiterated his appeal to the deputation to advise the drawers in to rescind their decision to stop work in the light of these important facts and to seek redress of their grievances by peaceful means.

RUSSIANS EXHIBIT NEW MEDICAL EQUIPMENT

MOSCOW: Reuter): An apparatus for gas anaesthesia automatically registering blood pressure pulse and respiration were shown at an exhibition of new Soviet medical equipment here.

This allows the surgeon to follow the patient's general condition during an operation.

Great interest was also aroused by a series of new instruments for studying electrical phenomena in the central nervous system.

WILL WEATHER BE 'CORNERED'

Rain-Making By Planes And Its Sequel

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14, (Reuter): Who owns the weather? That question may well be asked with some urgency in the United States now that any man with a plane and some dry ice is finding it fairly easy to make any nearby rain cloud loose its moisture on the earth approximately where he wants it.

This fantastic fact was discovered by a group of scientists last autumn—though earlier similar experiments had been carried out in Australia. Sowing dry ice—the kind used by ice-cream sellers in their carts to keep their goods frozen—in the clouds from their plane, they discovered that rain and even snow could be made to fall "artificially" by the chemical reaction that followed.

The discovery captured the imagination of many people who read about it in the newspapers.

And many of them have since tried it out.

The problems posed by this development are obvious. Should a man be allowed to "steal" a raincloud to water his territory which, according to nature's previous schedule, should have drenched land some hundreds or even thousands of miles away? Might it not happen that a man with the money to afford planes and dry ice could bring his land to a high pitch of fertility while causing a less prosperous nearby farmer severe drought?

Perhaps the whole idea is in too undeveloped a stage yet to demand legislation. Nevertheless, farming and weather authorities here already see the possibility of controls having to be enforced so that weather is not "cornered" and "free enterprise" does not take the place of nature, however inefficient the latter may be.

Motor Boat Turns Turtle: 10 Drowned, 10 Missing

GLASGOW (Scotland) Sept. 15. (Reuter): Ten people were drowned ten are still missing and three were taken to hospital after a motor boat, returning home from a pleasure trip in the Firth of Clyde met rough seas and turned turtle.

The disaster was discovered when a naval patrol craft came across a part of men women and children in the water. Sailors rescued five victims one of whom died before reaching shore. Another succumbed while being taken to hospital.

Other ships put out to the scene but after a long search found no survivors.

S. R. CHOWDHURY LEAVES FOR INDIA

London, Sept. 15 (Reuter) Mr. Subrata Roy Chowdhury former President of the Cambridge University Majlis and the founder of the Cambridge Tagore Institute has left London for India.

Mr. Chowdhury said he hoped to discuss the activities of the Tagore Institute and the Cambridge Tagore professorship for the study of Indian art and culture with Viscount Mountbatten, Governor-General of India.

Among those who bade farewell to him were the Vice-Chancellor of the Cambridge University Dr. C. E. Raven, Mrs. Aruna, Asaf Ali, wife of the India Ambassador to the United States and Indian woman socialist leader and W. G. Cove, Member of Parliament.

Mr. Chowdhury is carrying a personal message from the Vice-Chancellor to Lord Mountbatten.

No Confidence Motion Against Kamaraj Nadar

TRICHINOPOLY, Sept 13. (A.P.I.). A resolution stating that it had no confidence in Mr. Kamaraj Nadar President Tamilnad Provincial Congress Committee was unanimously passed by the Tamilnad Congress workers conference at its session here this afternoon.

Moving the resolution Mr. Chattanatha Karayalar M. L. A. an ex-Parliamentary Secretary said that a no confidence resolution against Mr. Kamaraj Nadar would shortly be moved in the Tamiland Congress Committee. Mr. ..T. G Krishnamurthy of Sholavandan seconded the resolution.

Whitehall Accused Of 'Weak Policy'

"Straits Times" Attacks British Methods Of Dealing With Crime In Malaya

SINGAPORE, September 15. (Reuter): An attack on the Colonial Secretary, Mr. Arthur Creech Jones, and Sir Edward Gent, Governor of the Malayan Union, for the British Government's 'Weak Policy' in dealing with the crime wave in Malaya was made today by the 'Straits Times'.

The 'Straits Times' said: "The ultimate responsibility is undoubtedly Whitehall's but public opinion cannot be entirely wrong in blaming Sir Edward Gent."

The editorial said the tin mining and rubber planting communities, villagers and townspeople were today living with a constant sense of insecurity, and added: "The reason is obvious to all except apparently to the two men who have the power to do anything about it—— the Governor of the Malayan Union and the Secretary for the Colonies."

"Far too many foreign criminals are free to roam the country-side, not because they cannot be captured, but because, when rounded up, known criminals can no longer be deported".

The paper declared that in the opinion of senior police officers, immediate banishment of 200 people from the Malayan Union would result in saving six lives per month and in a 50 per cent reduction in crime.

MYSORE CONGRESS WORKERS TO MEET

HUBLI Sept 14 (API) Mr R. S Ardya Secretary Mysore Congress Satyagraha Committee has announced in a statement that a meeting of All Mysore Congress workers who have gone underground or who have still remained outside unarrested, has been called here on September 17 to discuss future plans regarding the movement in the State.

BLUE PRINT of New India

"On 15th August last our Freedom's battle was won. But we have only achieved the means to an end which is still far off. To achieve this end the mighty minds of India are fast busy making plans for the New India."

Schools for all—Expansion of Industries—canals and dams for easier irrigation—houses for the poor—amenities for the depressed—all these have to be planned in advance.

Keeping pace with this torrent of engaging thoughts, "STAR PAPERS" are marching on.

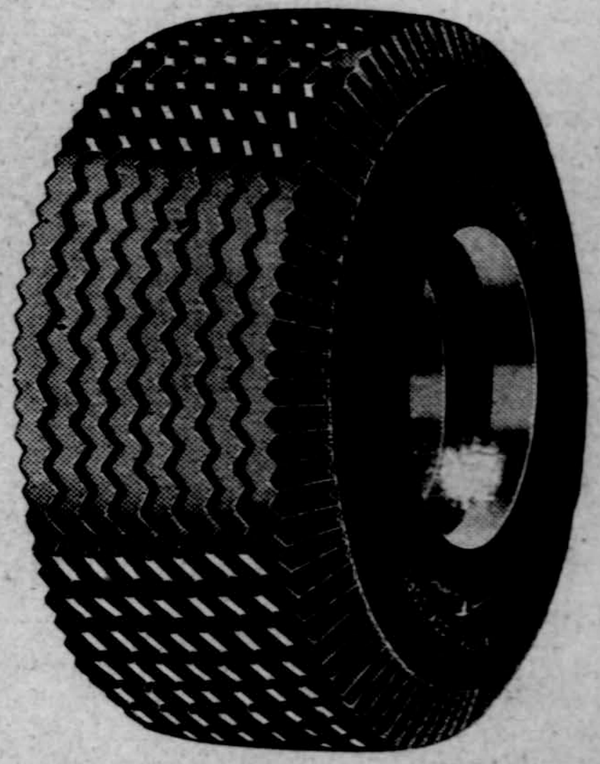
"STAR" always means the paper for India's National Planning.

STAR PAPER LTD.
HEAD OFFICE CALCUTTA
MILL
SAHARANPUR, U.P.

Jammi's
LIVER CURE
TAKES THE DREAD OUT OF CHILDREN'S LIVER COMPLAINTS

Unless it is too late, Jammi's Liver Cure is the one infallible remedy for enlarged liver and spleen in children, as proved by thousands of successful cures in the past years.

Jammi Venkataramanayya & Sons
Mylapore, Madras (Phone No. 8139) Sandhurst Rd., Bombay 4. (Phone No. 41593) Harrison Road, Calcutta
Also at: Lucknow, Bangalore, Trichinopoly, etc.



THE ONLY
GUM-DIPPED TYRE

NEWS FROM CITY MARKETS

SHARE BAZAR

Bombay, Sept. 15

To-day being a Jain holiday the Bombay Stock Exchange remained closed. Tata Steel Deld shares were nominally quoted at Rs. 1670. 3 per cent 1986 Convention Loan was quoted at Rs. 101/4 and 3 1/4 Municipal Loan was quoted at Rs. 101/1.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, Sept. 15.

Tata Ordinary X D 340 Tata Deferred X D 1672/8 Indian Iron 33 Steel Corpn of Bengal 26/2 Bombay Dyeing 1006/4 Central India 288/2 Gokak 301/4 Kohinoor X D 542/8 Simplex 219 Swadeshi 553/12 Tata Power 1690 Associated Cement 160/8 Belapur 261/4 Bombay Burma (Old) 461/4 Scindia 30/12 Central Bank 88/2 New India 74/6 Tata 2nd Pref. 158/2

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Sept. 15

The Bullion market was quiet today with routine business and prices moved within a narrow range during the early part of the session.

The market opened to-day at Rs. 166/8 and quietened at Rs. 166/4 under scattered selling Ready Silver was placed at Rs. 166/6. The market believes that large quantities will be tendered at the time of forward settlement. Forward Gold opened to-day at Rs. 110/8 and declined at Rs. 109/14 on long liquidation. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 110/2 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs 73/12.

Later on there was improved buying and Silver quotations hardened with short covering. Final quotations were as under.

Ready Silver	.....	167	6 0
Forward Silver	.....	167	4 0
Ready Gold	.....	110	4 0
Forward Gold	.....	110	1 0

PRODUCE MARKET

Bombay, Sept. 15

It being a Jain holiday, the Produce market was officially closed. However privately some business was reported. Castorseeds May opened at Rs. 125/8 and declined at Rs. 124/8 on reports of opening of bookings from Nizam State but again steadied at Rs. 125/2. Linseed September-October after opening at Rs. 29/6 improved at Rs. 29/9. February-March was quoted at Rs. 26/1. Groundnuts Khandesh quality November-December were quoted at Rs. 27/8. Bold November-December were placed at Rs. 27/2 while December-January was quoted at Rs. 26/4.

Later in the afternoon castorseeds May were quoted at Rs. 124/14.

Dena-Bank Gazette-Independence Supplement

The Devkaran Nanjee Banking Company published an Independence Supplement of its Dena-Bank "Gazette" on the memorable day in India's history. It contains interesting and useful extracts from the writings and messages of well-known politicians and economists.

AIR SERVICES OF INDIA LTD.

(THE SCINDIA LINE)

BOMBAY—GWALIOR—DELHI—

Tues., Thurs. Sat.		Wed. Fri. Sun.
06-45	Dep. BOMBAY Arr.	12-30
12-30	Arr. DELHI Dep.	06-45

FREIGHT SPACE AVAILABLE

SCINDIA STEAM NAV. CO., LTD.

Phones: 21919. 25744. 86236

Telegrams: "AIRTAXIES".

FOOD FOR THOUGHT

A sluggish liver can cause impurities of the blood which in turn give birth to more serious complaints. Livergen, by its quick and direct action on the red blood corpuscles as they pass through the liver refreshes and tones up the whole system. Livergen-food for thought and good health.

CATARACT

Try Degon's "EYE-CURE" (Regd.) guaranteed specific for CATARACT and all other eye troubles No risk Thousands cured without operation Safe sure world wide reputed and tested Success guaranteed Particulars free Price Rs 3 Postage As 12

KAMLA WORKS (B.C.)

Panchpota. BENGAL

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Sept. 15

The local cotton market was again dull to-day with very little business passing. It appears that the range of rupees one hundred between floor and ceiling prices is considered too small for speculative risks and professional operators are not inclined to take keen interest in the market with the result that we have stabilised price structure where Mills will not be eager to secure supplies and holders of actual cotton will not be anxious to hedge their stocks. Thus the whole year is likely to be uninteresting as long as present controls continue.

January delivery opened to-day at Rs. 455/8 and scattered business was reported.

The market was steady under scattered buying and January was quoted at Rs. 455/10 while March option was placed at Rs. 462/14. To-day 1,550 bales were tendered against September contract.

Later on there was increased buying and January improved at Rs. 457. The market finally closed at 4-30 p.m as under.

I. C. C. January	....	456 14	0
I. C. C. March	.....	464 0	0

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton January Contract is 1388 cent points below New York January at Exchange rate 331.

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Sept. 13

	Highest	Lowest	Closing at 2 p.m.
January	456-3/4	455	455-5/8
March	463	462-3/8	462-3/4

PRODUCE RECEIPTS

Linseed 1533; Groundnuts 3798; Castorseeds 156; Sugar 4498; Cottonseed 226; Rice 404; Tilseed 67; Cotton Bales 4872.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

NEW YORK, Sept. 13.

Cotton opened easy and prices further declined during early dealings on accumulation of hedge offerings. Firming tendencies later developed on covering operations in near months and extension of week-end price-fixing against spot sales to the Commodity Credit Corporation, and reports from Worth Street that five million yards of print cloths were sold in the past few days for second quarter of 1948 delivery. The market closed slightly irregular

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Sept. 13

October	31.72
December	31.47
January	31.44
March	31.40
May	31.26
July	30.45
Middling Spot	32.42

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Sept. 13

October	31.80
December	31.42
March	31.45
May	31.23
July	30.40
Middling Spot	31.55

CHICAGO WHEAT.

CHICAGO. Sept. 13

September	2.73-1/4
December	2.74-3/4
March	2.74-1/2
May	2.71-1/2

BANKERS' CLEARING

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending the 12-9-1947 were as under.

Number of Cheques: 141762

Amount of Cheques: Rs. 36,40,45,-000-10-9.

Egyptian Cabinet Holds Special Meeting

Discusses Proclamation Issued By Governor Of Sudan

CAIRO, Sept. 15, (Reuter): The Egyptian Cabinet held a special urgent meeting late last night to discuss the situation after the stir caused by the proclamation issued earlier by Mr. James Robertson, Acting Governor-General of the Sudan warning of "firm action" to maintain public security and that "no interference with the Sudanization of the country" would be allowed

The meeting, which lasted over two hours, was called after the acting Prime Minister, Ahemed Khashaba Pasha, had consulted by phone with Premier Nokrashy Pasha, now in New York where he went to place Egypt's case against Britain before the United Nations Security Council. No statement on what was discussed has so far been issued.

Denying a report that leave in the Egyptian army was cancelled the National Defence Minister, Ahmed Attia Pasha told pressman: "I don't see the need of armed intervention to put an end to the threat on the part of the Sudan Government."

Mr. Robertson's proclamation calling on the Sudanese to remain calm during the present impasse in Anglo-Egyptian relations, said the Sudan Government would maintain public security and law and order "by firm action against any who disturb the peace to further their aims by unlawful means."

Mr. Robertson, acting in the absence of Mr. Robert Howe, who is in Britain, added: "The Government is determined to press swiftly on with plans for a new Legislative Assembly and executive council following closely on the recommendations of the Sudan Administration Conference, and will not allow interference in its general policy of economic development.

"Whether or not discussions or negotiations between Britain and Egypt are resumed, the duty of the Sudan Government is to stand by the Sudanese."

RAW COTTON SITUATION

Little Interest In New Crop Trading

The Patel Cotton Co., Ltd. has issued the following weekly report:—

The futures market in New York showed a general weakness initially, but later improved slightly in tone. The week under review has registered a gain of 29 to 62 points.

The U. S. Department of Agriculture has issued the third crop report for the season 1947. Production is estimated at 11,849,000 bales, which is an increase of 5,000 bales only over the previous figures published on 8th August. Acreage is put at 21,143,000 acres, which indicates an abandonment of 1.2 per cent compared with the actual abandonment of 3 per cent in 1946. The yield per acre comes to 269 lbs showing a loss of 1.8 lbs. over the previous month's estimate. In view of the decline in export prospects due to acute Dollar scarcity in foreign buying markets, even the official estimate of crops which is below expectation is considered to be more than ample for the season's requirements.

The reopening of the Alexandria cotton futures market has been accepted "in principle" by the Egyptian Cabinet. The final decision will, however, be taken only after the Financial Committee of the Chamber of Deputies and the Senate give their approval to it. The decision is expected to be taken during next week. Currency restriction will make the contract of little interest to India.

An announcement that France is stopping imports of cotton from Egypt due to currency shortage is considered in Egypt as "most bearish news", especially for short staple Egyptian. It is suggested that barter agreements between Egypt and consuming countries will be the best way out of the crisis created by the non-convertibility of Sterling into Dollars.

The trading initiative in the Bombay markets was very much absent owing to the gloom over the tense communal situation. Murder, loot, arson, dislocation of transport and finance have shaken the very foundations of healthy trade, and difficulty in appraising the repercussions of these developments on commerce has reduced commitments in all markets to the minimum.

While the September contract remains below the floor level trading in new crop hedge contracts on the existing basis was commenced on the 6th September with Rs. 456-1/2 for the January delivery and Rs. 463 for March. There was little interest in the market on the opening of the new crop trading. The range of fluctuations has been confined to narrow limits of Rs. 3. Both sellers and buyers appear to be extremely cautious in face of vagaries of events. The tenders against the September contract yesterday amounted to 24,150 B/s making the total of 50,300 B/s. upto-date.

CONTROL OF FORWARD TRADING.

In the meantime, the Committee of the Cabinet on the control of forward trading in commodities in this province has recommended a more effective control, whereby forward contracts other than those made through recognised associations and contracts not in keeping with by-laws—such as Options—will be declared not only void but illegal and parties thereto liable to punishment. A bill will come before the Bombay Legislative Assembly, which while seeking to consolidate the present law regarding control of forward markets will also tighten up control over markets in order to curb excessive speculation in commodity and stock markets.

A memorandum has been submitted to the Government of Bombay by the West India Cotton Association which has been formed in Ahmedabad on the lines of the East India Cotton Association of Bombay. It seeks statutory recognition for doing all the three types of cotton business, viz hedge, forward and ready delivery. The memorandum points out that there are about 125 mills in and around Ahmedabad consuming about 7/8 lacs bales of raw cotton including foreign. These mills and innumerable cotton cultivators in Gujerat, Cutch and Kathiawar cotton gins, ginning and pressing factory owners and various other interests, it is urged, require facilities for hedge and forward trading. Stagnant conditions prevailed in the spot market at Sewri.

CROP OUTLOOK.

The dry spell of clear and bright weather with occasional scattered showers has benefited the crop in Oomra tracts where weeding and harrowing operations are speedily progressing. Khandesh alone is an exception where continued wet weather in the east threatens to arrest the growth of plants though no damage to crops has resulted so far. An immediate break in rains is needed in this area. Crop accounts from Broach and Southerns make good reading. Very little news has come in from Pakistan. What has arrived indicates fairly good progress but the political position is more important as a factor than the weather. The care and marketing of the crops in the Punjab, Bahavalpur State and though, to a lesser extent, in Sind, are bound to be enormously disrupted by the tragic events which have taken place.

We have received from our Karachi office the following telegram dated 11th inst.:—

"Weather fairly favourable to standing crops. Delay in arrivals expected due to communal situation. Practically no trading in ready."

Threat To Safety To U.S.

Criticism On Export Of Radio Isotopes For Medical Purposes

NEW YORK, Sept. 14. (Reuter): President Truman's decision to release limited amounts of the atomic by-product known as Radio Isotopes to other countries for use in medical research has already met a blast of criticism from some quarters who fear that secrets of the atom bomb may be revealed.

While the first shipment was on its way to Australia by air to be used in the treatment of an urgent case of blood disease headlines in New York's 'Daily Mirror' proclaimed that some United States atomic experts already regard the sharing of the radio-active isotopes with the rest of the world as a threat to American security.

Those who oppose foreign distribution argue that although the isotopes are not in themselves 'missiles' there are inherent in them clues which would eliminate for any nation bent on development of atomic bomb a wide area of trial and error research and thus save its scientists a great deal of time.

The United States Atomic Energy Commission has already stated that no security restrictions or restricted data are involved.

Foreign governments must agree before receiving the isotopes to report back to the United States every six months on the result of research work carried out with them and permit qualified scientists, irrespective of nationality, to visit institutions where the materials will be used and to obtain information freely.

TRUMAN'S RESPONSIBILITY.

"We earnestly hope that Mr. Truman is right when he says this isotopes' release can do us no harm and can only do mankind good. But if he is not right, then his responsibility in the case will be grave indeed."

One report stated that the presidential decision came as "a distinct shock" to two of America's foremost experts—Mr. Bernard M. Baruch, author of the Baruch Plan for atomic control, and Major Leslie R. Groves, who was head of the Atomic Development Project until the present Civilian Commission was appointed.

Most quarters, however, have welcomed President Truman's decision, which the New York "Herald Tribune" described as "a long-delayed triumph for men of goodwill and for men of good sense." It added that the charge that the nation would be giving away its atomic secrets had no basis in fact.

In the United Nations Atomic Energy Commission, Australia's delegate, Mr. Ralph Harry, welcomed the American action as a direct answer to Russian charges that the United States is seeking a world atomic monopoly.

Sarat Bose Pleads For Industrialisation

Urges Both Govts. To Appoint Planning Commission

MADRAS, Sept. 14. (A.P.I.): Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, the Bengal leader, stressed the need for the rapid industrialisation of the country when he opened the All India Industrial and Khadi Exhibition this evening in peoples park, Madras.

Mr. Bose suggested to the Indian and Pakistan Governments to appoint planning commissions to take stock of raw materials in their respective areas and convert them into finished products so as to be within reach of the poor.

During the past 30 years of his public activity, Mr. Sarat Bose said, he had not been able to devote much of his thought and attention to the industrial development of the country. In fact political workers like him had devoted most of their time and energy to rid the country of foreign domination, and had paid poor attention to the industrial regeneration of India.

Exhibitions like the one he was opening today, he said, contributed in no small degree to the industrial development of the country as they enabled manufacturers and producers to come together to understand the requirements of the people.

Referring to the political situation, Mr. Bose said that he did not agree with other leaders of the Congress in that the country had achieved independence. As long as India was a member of the British Commonwealth of Nations, he considered the country to be still under foreign domination. Though foreign domination would continue for some time, Mr. Bose said every opportunity should be seized for advancing the country in the industrial and other spheres.

Their foreign rulers had so far been continuously dinning into their ears that India was an agricultural country, that, he considered, was only a half truth. India, no doubt had been and was a great agricultural country. But they should not forget that India had also been a great industrial country exporting her products to countries both in the east and the west. Indian manufacturers had large market abroad.

Referring to the need for scientific development of the industries, Mr. Sarat Bose said that in 1938 as President of the Congress Netaji Subhas Bose conceived the idea of the national planning which had since made tremendous progress under the chairmanship of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru now that they had a Government of their own, it was upto them to implement the recommendations of the national planning committee and explore the possibilities of all round industrial development in all provinces and raise the standard of living of the average man in the country.

The exhibition is organised by the Andhra Congress Committee to collect funds to construct an Andhra Congress house in the city.

The exhibition will run for a month.

Move Settle Mysore Rly. Strike

BANGALORE, Sept. 14 (API.) Attempts to settle the Railwaymen's dispute in Mysore are continuing. The Labour Commissioner is meeting the "First dictator" of the railway strike, Mr. H. D. Raj tomorrow.

Eleven thousand men of the Mysore railways have been on strike from the midnight of sixth-seventh September.

Meanwhile, Mr Raj has issued a statement saying that attempts have been made by some people to blow up railway bridges and appealing against such destruction.

Ispahani Anticipates Early Cessation Of Riots

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14. (Reuter): Confidence that India's present "unhappiness" would soon come to an end was expressed by Mr. Mirza A. H. Ispahani, Pakistan Ambassador to the United States during his first press interview in Washington.

"Neither India nor Pakistan want a continuance of the present condition of affairs," he declared referring to the riots.

"Both Governments have a big task in front of them in national construction. We both want to develop. We have other things to expend our energies and resources upon than merely policing our territories."

Mr. Mirza Ispahani said Pakistan would welcome foreign capital and technical advice because she recognised she needed both badly. He expressed confidence that India's partition would remain permanent. "Pakistan will resist any encroachment upon its independence whatever its source."

He added he could see no design or threat to that independence from Russia or any Pakistan's neighbours.

He regretted that relations between Pakistan and India had not thus far been as co-operative as they could have been, but he hoped that before long all the bitterness of the past two or three years would be overcome and that both countries would settle down and find a basis for mutual benefit friendship and co-operation.

Mr. Ispahani blamed the Sikhs for the disorders in north west India who, he declared, inaugurated the present disorders both in the Punjab and elsewhere in India.

He added: "Their action clearly displayed that the attacks had been in advance".

Mr. Ispahani will return to New-York tonight to lead the Pakistan delegation to the United Nations General Assembly. He will return to Washington on September 19 and present his credentials to President Truman the following week end.

Pakistan Scheduled Caste To Meet

KARACHI, Sept. 15. (A. P. I.): The proposed convention of the All-Pakistan Scheduled Castes, which has been convened by Mr. J. N. Mandal, Minister for Law and Order in the Pakistan Government, will meet here towards the end of October, it is reliably learned.

Three New Ministers For Indore

INDORE, Sept. 15, (A. P. I.): The appointments of three non-official Ministers in the State Cabinet were announced today. The new Ministers are Mr. Baijnath Mahodya and Mr. Mishrilal Gangwal, representatives of the Indore Rajya Prajamandal, and Mr. Chhaganlal Mittal, member of the Indore Legislative Council.

Premier Visits Refugee Centres

ARRANGEMENTS FOR ACCOMMODATION OF REFUGEES PLACED ON FIRM BASIS

The arrangements for the reception and accommodation of refugees from the Punjab and Sind were placed on a firm basis, when the Prime Minister of Bombay accompanied by the Home Minister arrived from Poona on Sunday morning specially for this purpose. Health and Public Works spent the whole day touring the various camp sites near the City, and later conferred with the Military and Civil authorities and Congress leaders.

BOMBAY, Sept. 15.

The visit of the Premier and party to the camps where the refugees are already housed created considerable stir among th inmates who eagerly crowded round the visitors and spoke about their needs.

The Premier assured the refugees of his personal interest in their welfare and his anxity to do all that was possible to help them. At the same time, he advised them to concentrate their attention on improving their condition and not to spread or listen to rumours that might disturb the peace of the City.

The refugees were greatly cheered by the Premier's words and wholeheartedly promised him that they would do nothing that would in any way disturb the public peace.

Following these day long activities, Mr P K Sawant, Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister for Health and Public Works has been appointed as the Officer in Charge of all Refugee matters, who will be assisted by Rao Bahadur Nayampalli, the Refugee Officer and others.

Detraining at Mulund Station a little after 10 the Premier, accompanied by the Home and the Health Ministers, the Presidents of Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and the Thana District Congress Committee, the Sheriff of Bombay, the Collector of Thana, the Commissioner of Bombay City Police, and the District Superintendent of Police, Thana, first visited the Camp at Mulund that had been vacated by the Military.

The party then moved on to the empty military camp at Powai where the Premier gave directions for speedy arrangements for the pitching of tents and sanitation

Next, the party drove to the Chembur hutments where a large number of refugees are already settling down to camp life, and the last camp visited was the refugee colony at Kolliwada where the Premier spent a considerable time personally studying the urgent needs of the inmates among whom are babies in arms and very aged men and women.

In the afternoon the Premier held a conference at his residence with General Richardson, Brigadier Smith, Mr. Nanak Motwane, Mr. Govindram Varma, Mr. S. K. Patil, Mr. Ganpati Shankar and Mr. Purshottam Thakkar. Mr. Morarji Desai and Dr. Gilder were also present. The Premier discussed the position as he understood it after his tour of the camps earlier in the day and received assurances of all possible aid from the military authorities and from the Congress organisations.

The military have offered to put up tents and incinerators. It is now expected that arrangements will be taken in hand immediately to provide accommodation for 1,000 more refugees in Kolliwada, which will serve as a transit camp; 1,000 more refugees will soon be accommodated in Chembur also; the Powai Camp will also receive urgent attention. Speedy preparations will also be made to have refugee accommodation in Visapur in the near future and the Premier hopes to visit Visapur in a few days.

The Congress Committee and the people of Mulund have offered all assistance in getting the Mulund Camp ready without unnecessary de-

FOUR LAKHS AFFECTED IN BALLIA FLOODS

LUCKNOW, Sept. 15, (U. P. I.): The Ballia District is experiencing unprecedented flood havoc. The water level of the river Ganges over-reached the highest flood record of 1916 submerging about 400 villages inundating 150 square miles and affecting four lakhs out of the total of ten lakhs of people in the district, says a Ballia message.

Mr. Radhamohan Singh, M. L. A. from Ballia, saw the Premier Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant and urged upon him the desirability of rushing more relief.

THE BOMBAY STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY LTD.

Our s.s. KALAVATI which was due to sail for Karachi on Wednesday, the 17th September, 1947, will now sail on THURSDAY, the 18th September, 1947, at 9-00 a.m. Prince's Dock, K. L. M. Shed, Harbour Wall.

Scindia House, Ballard Estate,
Bombay, 15/9/47.

MONEY

Does Make A Difference

NOT BECAUSE	money can easily turn sorrow to happiness.
BUT BECAUSE	happiness can so easily turn to sorrow when money is lacking.
NOT BECAUSE	money is the standard of value
BUT BECAUSE	it is of magic value when used to change worry and tears to comfort and smiles
NOT BECAUSE	it has helped to bring pleasure to a few, when hoarded miserly.
BUT BECAUSE	it has helped to blot the heart-ache of many, when used wisely.

MONEY IS WORTH WORKING FOR
MONEY IS WORTH HAVING
MONEY IS WORTH SAVING

Take a policy of Depositors' Benefit Insurance Co. Ltd., and you will learn how to make your family happy.

THE DEPOSITORS' BENEFIT INSURANCE CO., LTD.

Central Bank Buildings, Fort, BOMBAY

(4)

MUTT AND JEFF—Boo! Boo! Boo And A Couple Of Carambas By BUD FISHER

STRIKE THREE! YOU'RE OUT!
?
BOO BOO BOO
BOO BOO BOO
WHAT CHA DOIN'? THEY BOOED ME BECAUSE I MISSED THAT LAST ONE, JEFF!
I'M BOOING THEM BECAUSE THEY MISSED YOU!
Fisher

BRITEX

LAMPS and STOVES have now clearly established their superiority over imported products. The guarantee slip is an assurance of perfection.

DAZZLE PRODUCTS LIMITED

42/1, CHETLA ROAD, ALIPORE, CALCUTTA.

Bombay Agents: Messrs. R. SHANTILAL & CO. 65, Kitchen Garden Road, off Mangaldas Road, Bombay 1.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.
MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.
To be paid in advance.

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted for a local Cotton Mill, Supervisors in Winding, Warping and Sizing Department. Only well experienced hands should apply with testimonials and salary expected to Box No. 5225, "Bombay Chronicle".

If you want any kind of employment in India or abroad, apply (giving qualifications) for our "Terms" Hastings and Co., Employment Agents, Cloth Market Delhi. (6968)

SITUATION WANTED

Insurance: Fire, Marine and Accident, European Insurance Official of thirty years service open for engagement on long view contract; twenty years of practical experience in India, having travelled extensively throughout. Specialising in underwriting, treaties and Office organisation. Apply Box No. 6989, "Bombay Chronicle".

MEDICAL ADLETS

Remember 30th Sept. '47. Kailash Hills Herb (Regd.) Relieves Asthma radically by one dose. To be taken on 30-9-47 (Full-moon) Note—Mr. Shambhu Dayal, Naib-Dewan and Judge Makrai State, writes that 18 out of 20 Patients were cured by this wonderful Herb. Apply with clear address to Brahmachari G. Das, Shree Sidh Brahmachari Seva Ashram, P. O. Chitrakot, U.P. 6969

A Himalayan Herb of 100 years fame for complete Asthma and Piles relief by one dose taken on 30-9-47 (Full Moon), Sri Sidh Baba S. A. Chitrakot, U.P. 6974

A most powerful highly effective and world renowned remedy for Asthma, "Chitrakot Asthma Relieving Buty", cures Asthma radically by one single dose. Taken on 30-9-47 full moon. Correspondence in English with clean Address. Mahatma Naga Baba Ayurved. Ashram P. O. Chitrakot, U.P. 6970

Ansuiya Hills Herb—A most powerful and well renowned Asthma extra-ordinary herb for more than 150 years founded by a Sidh Mahatma to be taken on full moon day, 30/9/47. Correspondence in English. Mahatma, S. K. Dass, Sri Sant Sewa Ashram P. O. Chitrakot (Banda.) 6967

AGENTS WANTED

Agents wanted for Bombay. Pay or Commission. Apply sharp. P. B. No. 6011, Bombay 12.

MOTOR CAR FOR SALE

For immediate sale One Plymouth Saloon Car 1941 Model, Six Cylinder Five Seater, 23.44 H.P in perfect running conditions. Apply Box No. 5196 "Bombay Chronicle"

BUSINESS FOR SALE

For Sale well established power and hand-driven Hosiery Factory, with dying, bleaching arrangements. Enjoying Government quota. Situation Premier Central India State. Owner Proceeding home. Correspond No. 6971, "Bombay Chronicle".

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Available ex-Stock American Electric Gramophones from Rs. 180 - Fluorescent tubes and reflectors, Electric lamps all standard voltages and types from 15 watt to 1000 watts, C.T.S. cables all sizes, good discounts for quantities. Apply Box No 3985, "Bombay Chronicle."

For Sale hull of a good passenger launch, length 30' breadth 7' depth 4', fitted with copper plates and in sound condition. Apply Box 5243, "Bombay Chronicle".

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE HIRJEE MILLS LTD.

Fergusson Road, LOWER PAREL.

"OFFERS ARE INVITED till 25th September, 1947, for the disposal of the following unserviceable stores in sealed covers. (1) 1,000 Old Steam pipes 3" dia; (2) 1,000 pieces Old Spindles and Bolsters; (3) 10 Tons Iron & Pipe Scrape; (4) 10 Tons Casting Scrape Light & Heavy; (5) Lot of Brand New Heavy casting such as Columns, brackets and Wall Boxes; (6) Cotton Healds old; (7) Broken Shuttles lot (Rate per cwt.); (8) Broken bobbins lot (Rate per cwt.). The unserviceable stores can be seen in the Hirjee Mills premises."

5238

G.I.P. RLY-TENDERS

THE DEPUTY GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed forms up to 3 p.m. on 22nd September 1947, for the supply of Turdal, Moongdal, Masurdal, Uriddal, Chawli, Watana (white), Dry Chillies, Tamarind, Haldi, Dhania, Salt, Copra, Agmark ghee, Pure Groundnut oil, Onions and Potatoes to the Railway Grainshop at Shed No. 3 Wadi Bandar and Railway Grainshops at Kalyan, Dombivli Thana, Karjat, Neral, Kasara and Vasind. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office.

5193

PUBLIC NOTICES

ASSAM PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

WANTED A NURSING SUPERINTENDENT.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED by the Superintendent, Office of the Assam Public Service Commission, Shillong on or before the 10th October, 1947, for the post of a Nursing Superintendent on the Staff of the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Assam on Rs. 500-25-900 p.m. The post will be filled on a contract basis for a period of 3 years. Contributory Provident Fund according to Government rules will be admissible.

Candidates must possess good Nursing qualification from a Nursing Council in India or United Kingdom. They should have wide experience of Nursing. Preference will be given to an Assamese or those domiciled in Assam.

With application, candidate must submit (1) Her diploma or Degree of Nursing in original, (2) A certificate of Character from the Superintendent of the Hospital where she is working, (3) Evidence of Age, (4) Documentary evidence of any distinction or special work, (5) Statement of her experience in Nursing and teaching, (6) A domicile certificate in original from the District Officer of the district in which she claims to be domiciled, (7) A certificate of health and fitness from a registered Medical practitioner, (8) A treasury Chalan of Rs. 10 as application Fee. The fee should be credited to the Government of Assam under the Head "XXXVI-Miscellaneous Departments—Examination fees—Receipts of the Assam Public Service Commission." No postal stamps or money orders will be accepted in lieu of the Treasury Chalan.

Candidates who are in Government service must apply through the Heads of their Departments.

Candidates who have served in the Armed Forces must apply through the Deputy Director of Resettlement and Employment, Assam or through the Employment Exchanges where they have registered their names. 5230

NOTICE

WANTED IMMEDIATELY for the T. N. J. College, Bhagalpur, (Bihar).

(A) in permanent vacancies—Scale 150/-15/2-175-25/2-375.
(i) Two lecturers in Physics
(ii) One lecturer in Chemistry
(iii) One lecturer in Mathematics
(iv) One lecturer in Economics
(v) One lecturer in English
(B) In temporary vacancies for two years at present: Scale 150/-15/2-175/-25/2-375.
(i) One lecturer in Economics
(ii) One lecturer in English
(C) In permanent vacancies:—Scale 65/-4/2-105.
(i) Two Graduate Laboratory Assistants in Chemistry
(ii) One Graduate Laboratory Assistant in Botany
(iii) One Graduate Laboratory Assistant in Zoology.

In all cases D.A. at 10 per cent of salary will be paid. Benefit of Aided College Provident Fund to all permanent members on confirmation at the end of one year.

Advance increments may be offered to suitable candidates according to qualification and experience, subject to Government sanction.

Only First and Second M.A.s or M.Sc.s need apply for the posts of lecturers, teaching experience will be regarded as additional qualification. Graduate Laboratory Assistants should hold Degrees of a recognised University in the subjects concerned.

All applications should be accompanied by copies of testimonials together with a statement regarding (i) Age, (ii) Home District, (iii) Educational qualifications, (iv) Teaching experience and (v) if able to teach in Hindustani and join immediately on appointment.

The selected candidates may be called for an interview at their own expense when they should produce certificates in original.

The last date of receiving all applications is 25th September, 1947.

(Sd.) KAMALESHWARI SAHAY,
Hony. Joint Secretary,
T. N. J. College.
5232

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS in Candidate's own handwriting stating details of qualifications, experience, age and enclosing copies of Certificates, testimonials, etc., are invited for the following posts borne on Temporary Establishment:

Head Draftsman Grade 180-10-250.
Draftsman Grade 90-5/2-140.
Asst. Draftsman Grade 70-5-110
Tracers Grade 25-2-55-3-70.
Head Clerks Grade 200-10-260.
Head Clerks Grade 115-5-160
Clerks Grade 135-5-180.
Clerks Grade 95-5-115.
Clerks Grade 70-5-95.
Clerks Grade 25-5/2-65.
Store Keepers Grade 40-4-80-5/2-120.

Applicants with adequate qualifications and experience only should apply. P.W.D. experience will be given preference. Applications should reach the undersigned before 30th September, 1947.

C. R. DESAI,
Assistant Housing Commissioner, (Construction) Bombay,
Esplanade Maidan, Fort, Bombay.
(5239)

G. I. P. RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE

THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Bhore and Thull Ghats, G.I.P. Railway, invites tenders upto 15-30 hours on 6-10-47 for supplying (at Lonavla and Igatpuri) Clean Sand suitable for Mortar. The form of Tender Schedule and Conditions of Contract can be had from this Office on payment of Rs. 2/- each This sum will not be refunded.

5231

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE GODAVARI SUGAR MILLS, LTD.
NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office at Fazalbhoy Building, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay, on Friday the 10th day of October, 1947 at 4 p.m. (S.T.) when the following Resolutions will be proposed as Special Resolutions:—

SPECIAL RESOLUTIONS

1. RESOLVED that the Capital of the Company be increased from Rs. 20,00,000/- (Rupees twenty lacs) to Rs. 40,00,000/- (Rupees forty lacs) by the creation of 20,000 (twenty thousand) New Shares of Rs. 100/- (Rupees one hundred) each, to be called "Second Preference Shares", and that the rights privileges and conditions attached to such Second Preference Shares shall be such as are specified in item (D) of Resolution No. IV mentioned in the notice for convening the meeting for proposing and passing this Resolution.

II RESOLVED that the following clause be substituted for Clause V of the Memorandum of Association of the Company, namely:

"V. The Capital of the Company is Rs. 40,00,000/- (Rupees forty lacs) divided into 10,000 (ten thousand) Ordinary Shares of Rs 100/- (Rupees one hundred) each, 4,000 (four thousand) First Preference Shares of Rs. 250/- (Rupees two hundred and fifty) each, and 20,000 (Twenty thousand) Second Preference Shares of Rs 100/- (Rupees one hundred) each, and such rights, privileges and conditions shall be attached thereto respectively as may be provided by the Articles of Association of the Company".

III. RESOLVED that the 4,000 existing Preference Shares of the Company of Rs. 250/- each shall henceforward be called "First Preference Shares."

IV RESOLVED that the Articles of Association of the Company be altered as follows:—

(A) That the following Article shall be substituted for Article 4 of the Company, namely:—
"4. The authorised capital of the Company is Rs. 40,00,000/- (Rupees forty lacs) divided into 10,000 (Ten thousand) Ordinary Shares of Rs. 100/- (Rupees one hundred) each 4,000 (four thousand) First Preference Shares of Rs. 250/- (Rupees two hundred and fifty) each, and 20,000/- (twenty thousand) Second Preference Shares of the face-value of Rs. 100/- (Rupees one hundred) each".

(B) That the following sub-clause (a) be substituted for sub-clause (a) of Article 6 namely—
"6(a) The 4,000 First Preference Shares of the face-value of Rs. 10,00,000/- referred to in Article 4 thereof shall confer one right to a fixed cumulative preferential dividend at the rate of 6 (six) per cent per annum free of income-tax on the capital for the time being paid up thereon, and the right in a winding-up both as regards capital and arrears of dividend upto the commencement of the winding-up, whether declared or not, in priority to all the other shares of the Company and to participate in any surplus assets, which may remain after paying off the remainder of the capital of the Company and the arrears of dividends (if any) on the Second Preference Shares upto the commencement of the winding-up, whether declared or not, pari passu with the Ordinary Shares in proportion to the amounts paid up on the First Preference Shares and the Ordinary Shares. For the purpose of this Article, paid-up shares include "credited as paid-up".

(C) In sub-clause (b) of Article 6 the word "first" be inserted between the figure "4,000" and the word "preference".

(D) That the following Article be inserted as Article 6A after Article 6, namely:—
"6A. The said 20,000 Second Preference Shares of the Company shall have the following rights, privileges and conditions attached thereto, namely:—
(a) They shall carry the right to a fixed cumulative preferential dividend at the rate of 5½% per annum free of income-tax on the capital for the time being paid up thereon respectively;
(b) They shall rank for dividend, next after the 4,000 First Preference Shares of Rs. 250/- each and in priority to the Ordinary Shares for the time being of the Company.
(c) They shall in a winding-up be entitled to rank as regards the repayment of capital and as to payment of any arrears of dividend upto the commencement of the winding-up (whether declared or not) next after the 4,000 First Preference Shares of the Company and in priority to the Ordinary Shares for the time being of the Company, but they shall not be entitled to any further participation in any surplus assets or profits of the Company;
(d) The holders of the Second Preference Shares shall not as such be entitled to attend or vote at any General Meeting by virtue or in respect of their holdings of the Second Preference Shares, except in the following cases, namely:—
(i) If the dividend on the Second Preference Shares shall remain unpaid for 12 months after the same has become due;
(ii) If at any General Meeting a Resolution for the reduction of the capital of the Company or the voluntary winding-up of the Company be proposed; and
(iii) If at any General Meeting a Resolution be proposed on any question directly affecting any of the rights or privileges attached to the Second Preference Shares.

In any of the above cases, every holder of the Second Preference Shares shall on a show of hands have one vote, and on a poll, two votes for every 5 (five) such shares held by him. Provided, however, that if any member holds a fraction of 5 such shares, or a fraction of 5 shares in addition to 5 shares or to a multiple of 5 shares, and if such fraction shall consist of not less than three shares, then such member shall on a poll have one vote for such fraction held by him.

(e) Subject to the provisions of Section 105B of the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913 and to the existing or any other law for the time being in force in that behalf, the Company is to be at liberty at any time and from time to time after the 1st day of October 1952 by giving 3 (three) months notice in writing to redeem at par all or any of the Second Preference Shares, and in the event of the Company choosing to redeem only some of the Second Preference Shares, it shall be in absolute discretion of the Directors to adopt such method as they may think fit for selecting such of the said shares for being redeemed as they may think fit.

(E) In Article 7 the words "First Preference" be substituted for words "preference".

(F) In Article 54 the words "the First Preference Shares and the Second Preference Shares as provided in Article 6 and 6A hereof" be substituted for the words "the Preference Shares as provided in Article 6 hereof".

(G) The following Article be substituted for Article 72, namely: "72. Subject to the restrictions as to voting imposed on the holders of the Second Preference Shares in Article 6A hereof, on a show of hands every member present in person shall have one vote. On a poll, every member shall have one vote in respect of each Preference or Ordinary Share or each Rs. 100/- stock held by him; and in the cases in which the holder of Second Preference Shares be entitled to vote, he shall on a poll be entitled to such number of votes in respect of the Second Preference Shares held by him as are given to him under Article 6A hereof".

V. RESOLVED that, subject to the issue of the said increased capital being sanctioned by the Government, the said 20,000 Second Preference Shares shall be issued upon the following conditions, namely:—
(a) Such shares shall be offered in the first instance at par, and upon the footing that the full amount of Rs. 100/- per share will be paid with the application for such shares to the holders of the existing shares of the Company on its Register of Members as on the date on which the said sanction of the Government shall be received by the Company in the proportion of one Second Preference Share for one Ordinary Share of the Company of Rs. 100/- each held by them respectively, and 2½ Second Preference Shares for every existing Preference Share of the face-value of Rs. 250/- held by them respectively, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares offered, and limiting the time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and intimating that after the expiration of that time or on the receipt of intimation from the person to whom the offer is made that he declines to accept the shares offered, the Directors will dispose of the same in such manner as they may think most beneficial to the Company, and for the purposes of giving effect to this Resolution, the Directors may give such directions and may issue such Fractional Certificates or Coupons and may settle any question or difficulty that may arise in regard to such offer as they may in their discretion think fit.
(B) That such shares shall respectively be entitled to dividends thereon from the respective dates on which the full moneys payable in respect thereof shall be received by the Company from the respective subscribers thereof.
(c) That the Directors shall be authorised and empowered to dispose of and allot any of the Second Preference Shares not taken up by the holders of the existing Ordinary or Preference Shares or remaining undisposed of as they may consider expedient in the interests of the Company, to such persons, whether shareholders of the Company or not, as the Directors may in their absolute discretion think fit.
(d) That the certificates in respect of such shares shall be complete and ready for delivery within six months after the allotment thereof.

VI. "RESOLVED that the payments of dividends on the original 4,000 Preference Shares of the Company from the commencement of the incorporation of the Company upto date at the rate of 6% per annum, free of income tax instead of merely at 6% per annum as mentioned by mistake in sub-clause (a) of Article 6 of the Company be and the same is hereby ratified and confirmed, and the Directors be and they are hereby absolved from all liability in respect of such payments.

By Order of the Board.
R. L. MEHTA,
Secretary.

Bombay: 12th September, 1947

To,

The Shareholders of the Godavari Sugar Mills Ltd., and in particular to:—
Hirachand Kevalchand Doshi, Harjivan Bhavanjibhai Kotak, Kaniram Lalchand Bhangdya, Rana Krishna Samsherjung Bahadur, Lawrence Sebastio Mendes, Premji Virji, Uttamchand Gangaram, Venubai Abaji Vaidya, Vinayak Atmaram Tamhane, William Buchaman.

5214

TENDERS FOR IMMEDIATE SALE TO THE HIGHEST TENDERER BY PUBLIC OPENING OF TENDERS.

CLASS 17-D. Stock No. TO-00-30-56, Kit Mechanical Engine 1000 pieces. Reserve price for each Rs. 150/-.

The highest bid above the reserve price received by Sales Manager, Tata Aircraft Ltd. Titaghur by 26th September 1947 will be accepted. Do not send your offers below the reserve price. The successful tenderers will be informed and the deposit of the un-successful tenderers will be returned within 8 days.

Public opening of tenders at 11 a.m. on 26th September, 1947. Stores will be sold 'as is, where is'. Stores must be removed within 15 days of acceptance of the tender.

No tender will be considered unless accompanied by a deposit of 25% of the tender value. Cheques on scheduled banks alone will be accepted.

Sealed tenders in double covers superscribed SA/47/I(17D) should be sent to the Sales Manager in the tender forms available in this office on the payment of Rs. 1/- or at our Retail Shop, 102/1 Clive St. Calcutta.

For further particulars apply Sales Manager, Tata Aircraft Ltd Titaghur 24 Parganas Bengal Phone: Cal. 3081-87. Telegram: "Tataraft", Titaghur Air Depot.

5236

MARTIN BURN LIMITED.
CONVERTIBLE NOTES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Interest for the half-year ending 30th September, 1947, will be paid, on or after that date to those holders of Convertible Notes whose names appear on the Company's Register on the 30th September, 1947, or in accordance with their instructions.

T. LESLIE MARTIN,
Managing Director.
5229

WANTED

APPLICATIONS for posts of Excise Sub-Inspector in the grade of Rs. 70-5/2-90 are invited from qualified candidates domiciled in the Province of Bombay. Minimum educational qualification required will be Matriculation or its equivalent examination. Intending candidates may apply before 15th October, 1947, in the prescribed form available from the Chief Account Officer of Excise, Old Custom House, Fort, Bombay, on payment of Re. 1/- either in cash or by an uncrossed Postal Order in his favour. Those who applied in the prescribed form subsequent to 6th January, 1947, need not re-apply

M. D. BHANSALI,
Commissioner of Excise.
(5240)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES

Office of the Director of Supplies, Mercantile Chambers Graham Road, Bombay.

THE DIRECTOR OF SUPPLIES, Bombay invites Tender No. BOM/H/2/920 to reach him on or before 11 a.m. on 25-9-47, on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 2/- (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order, or Indian Postal Order (quoting Tender Number, full name and address of the remitter), for:—

Item No.	Description	Quantity Nos.
1.	Braces Ratchet, differential without drills and to have double pawls and ratchet wheels with springs without the pawls, important working points to be case hardened 12" long as per sealed sample No. IS/1336 to indicate design only.	550
2	-do-. 18" long -do-	75

Applicants not already on the approved list of this Department or the late Department of Supply must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Tender forms will not be issued to firms already blacklisted.

5226

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE OF THE SECOND ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF THE KATHIAWAR INDUSTRIES, LTD.

Registered Office, SHER BAUG, Chorwad Road.

THE SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held on Saturday the 27th September, 1947, at the Registered Office of the Company at 3-30 P.M. to transact the following Business:—

1 To receive and to adopt the Directors' Report and audited Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet as at 31st May 1947.
To elect Directors in the place of those who retire under Article 115 of the Company.
To appoint Auditors for the current year and fix their remuneration.
4 To transact such other Business as may be brought forward.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 20th September, 1947, to 10th October, 1947, both days inclusive

By Order of the
Board of Directors of
THE KATHIAWAR INDUSTRIES LTD.
P. T. CHHAYA.
Secretary.

SHER BAUG (Chorwad Road).

(The Shareholders are requested to be present).

Special Notice as above is given to the following Shareholders:—

No. of Share Holder	Name.
(1) 1414	H.E. Commanding General Sir Babar Shamsher Jung Bahadur Rana, & Major General Mrigendra Shamsher Jung Bahadur Rana & Major General Brahma Shamsher Jung Bahadur Rana, Generals, Nepal Army. BABAR MAHAL, (Nepal).
(2) 1418	H.E. Commanding General Sir Babar Shamsher Jung Bahadur Rana & Major General Brahma Shamsher Jung Bahadur Rana (Rani of Nayagarah a/c) Nepal Army. BABAR MAHAL, (Nepal).
(3) 1	H.E. Commanding General Sir Babar Shamsher Jung Bahadur Rana & Major General Mringendra Shamsher Jung Bahadur Rana (Rani of Tilol a/c.) Nepal Army. BABAR MAHAL, (Nepal).
(4	Khatri Suleman Abdul Angochi, P.B. No. 26, MOZAMBIQUE, P. E. Africa P.E.S.
(5) 1009	Mr. Issak Haji Bava Vadasadawala, C/o Jafna Textile Co., Grand Bazar, JAFNA.
(6) 101	Mr. Abdulrehman Haji Bava Vadasadawala, C/o Jafna Textile Co., JAFNA
(7) 2	Mr. Abdulrehman Haji Bava Fatani, C/o Jafna Textile Co., Grand Bazar, JAFNA.
(8)	Mr. Hashim Mohamed Gaddar, C/o Adambhai Stores, Cloth Merchant, 16, Grand Bazar, Post JAFNA (Ceylon).

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of Share Holders of the KATHIAWAR INDUSTRIES, LTD. will be held at Registered Office of the Company at SHER BAUG, (Chorwad Road) in the Company premises on 27th day of September, 1947, immediately after the 2nd Annual Ordinary General Meeting is over when the following resolution will be proposed:—

"RESOLVED THAT MESSRS THE DILAWAR SYNDICATE LIMITED ARE HEREBY APPOINTED THE SOLE SELLING AND DISTRIBUTING AGENTS FOR THE COMPANY FOR ALL ITS VANASPATI OIL AND/OR ITS BYE-PRODUCTS THAT MAY BE MANUFACTURED AND/OR PRODUCED BY THE COMPANY PURSUANT TO THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS AS ADUMBRATED IN THE AGREEMENT DATED 31ST DECEMBER, 1946 BETWEEN THE COMPANY AND THE DILAWAR SYNDICATE LIMITED AND PRESENTED TODAY TO THIS MEETING"

By Order of the Board of Directors of
THE KATHIAWAR INDUSTRIES LTD.,
P. T. CHHAYA
Secretary.

SHER BAUG, (Chorwad Road).

N.B. (1)—The Agreement mentioned above is open for inspection of the Share-holders at the Registered Office of the Company during Office Hours

N.B (2)—The following are the Directors and/or Members of the Dilawar Syndicate Ltd. and as such are Directors and/or Members of the Managing Agents Firm and hence are directly and or indirectly interested and/or concerned in the Sole Selling and Distributing Agency.

1. Seth A. Latif Ebrahim Bawany, JETPUR.
2. Seth Ahmed Haji Habib Haji Peermohamed, BANTVA.
3. Seth Zakeria Adamjee, JETPUR.
4. Seth Haji A. Latif Haji A. Karim Dhedhi, KUTIYANA.
5. Seth Mohamed Valimohamed Chinoy, KUTIYANA.
6. Khan Bahadur Faizmohamedkhan, B.A., Bar-at-Law, CHORWAD.
7. Seth Mussa Umer Derban, CHORWAD.
8. Hajiani Havabai Haji A. Karim Dhedhi, KUTIYANA.
9. Seth Mohamed Sidiq Ahmed Bawany, JETPUR.
10. Seth Haji Yusuf Haji Hasham Maklai, VERAVAL.
11. Seth Abdul Gani Haji Abdulla Bandukda, KUTIYANA.
12. Seth Hussain Kassam Dada, BANTVA.
13. Seth Ismail Haji Suleman, BANTVA.
14. Seth Haji Abdul Gani Dada Dhedhi, KUTIYANA.
15. Seth Suleman Sodagarmian Ahmed Darvesh, BOMBAY.
16. Seth Haji Hasham Allmohamed Bengali, BOMBAY.
17. Seth Abdul Gani Haji Habib Haji Peermohamed, BANTVA.
18. Seth Mohamed Sidiq Haji Rehmatulla, BANTVA.

(5192)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,
DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES & SUPPLIES

Office of the Regional Disposals Commissioner, Mercantile Chambers, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

REGIONAL COMMISSIONER (Disposals) Bombay invites sealed tenders for the purchase and removal of the following stores ex site:

Description of Stores.	Location.	Condition.
Plates, Insulatings contacts, Projectors; Locator sound, Plugs etc., etc. as per list available for inspection in office.	Central Ordnance Depot, Kandivili	Serviceable, Fair.

Superscribe Reference No. RCS/48056/MMH.
Last Due date 7/10/1947.

Offers must be submitted in the tender Forms obtainable from this office on payment of Rs. 5/- per set (which is not refundable) in double covers, inner being sealed and superscribed with above Tender No. and due date.

Earnest money (Refundable to unsuccessful tenderers) of 10% of the value of offers should be deposited in the Reserve Imperial Bank of India or Government Treasury under head of Account 'Revenue Deposits' in favour of the Regional Commissioner (Disposals), Bombay. Tenders not accompanied by such Treasury Bank receipt will be ignored.

CHEQUES WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED.

No guarantee is given of the quantity, quality or suitability of the stores. Sale will be subject to the conditions of contract laid down in form Con. 117.

Permits to inspect the stores at site can be obtained from this office.

Offers should remain open for acceptance for 30 days from the date of offer.

5237

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DY. GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T. will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 p.m. on 23-9-47 for the supply of Ground nut Oil, Pure Ghee and vegetables at the Railway's Grainshops on the Poona Division. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office or from the Asstt. Controller, Grainshops G.I.P. Railway, at Poona.

5220

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchases of Waste (Hard and Soft) from the India United Mills Ltd. No. 1 Mill and will be accepted upto 4 p.m. (S.T.) on FRIDAY the 19th September 1947, in their Registered Office Tender Copies can be obtained from Cotton Department, E. D. Sassoon Building Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

821

(For Further Notices See Page 2)

Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.